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HARTFORD, OHIO COUNTY, KY., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1918.

No. 15

THREE BIG LIBERTY LOAN MEETINGS

McHenry, Buford And Bell's Run Communities Hear Good Speeches.

Three splendid meetings were held in the county Sunday in the interest of the Fourth Liberty Loan. One at Mt. Carmel Church, near Buford, which was addressed by Rev. A. D. Litchfield. The large church was well filled with earnest and attentive listeners. Liberal contributions were made by a number of those present at the close of Dr. Litchfield's splendid effort on behalf of the Government and the boys battling the Hun "over there."

The second meeting was held at Bell's Run, in the Northern portion of the county, when Rev. R. E. Fuqua and Judge John B. Wilson were the chief speakers. This meeting was largely attended and yielded a neat sum, but greater good is expected to yet accrue, due to the perfection of a sales organization and arousing of enthusiasm, generally.

The third meeting was held at McHenry, Dr. Ben L. Bruner being the chief speaker on this occasion. This gathering was perhaps, the largest held in the county so far, it being reported that some 1,500 people were present. Dr. Bruner being an orator of note, held the splendid audience in rapt attention through an address of considerable length. Aside from the splendid address delivered by Dr. Bruner, the large attendance and success of the McHenry meeting was in a very great measure due to the untiring efforts of Messrs. Lon Stewart and S. J. Tichenor. We are not advised as to the amount subscribed at the latter meeting, but our information is to the effect that it was satisfactory to those having it in charge.

Owing to unfortunate circumstances, none of the three meetings were as well advertised as they should have been, and too, the reported spread of the Spanish "Flu" and an order calling off all public gatherings, prevented a very large number from attending. Other Liberty Loan gatherings scheduled for the county were canceled, while the three above had been provided for in such a manner, and the people being rather difficult to reach, were allowed to proceed.

RED CROSS GIVEN BOOST BY MRS. MILSON

Mrs. John B. Wilson, chairman of the Co. Junior Red Cross or School Auxiliary, held a meeting Sunday with the ladies at Bell's Run, after the Liberty Loan speaking was over, and made arrangements for an organization which in her opinion will result in the installation of some good branch chapters in that end of the county. Several teachers were present and assurances given that the Junior Red Cross would be favorably heard from in the Northern portion of the county. Mrs. Wilson is very much elated over the bright prospects.

THE LIBERTY LOAN.

The fourth Liberty Loan was, and is still progressing satisfactorily, notwithstanding the fact that we have lost the impetus that would have derived from public meetings and discussion. As a matter of course public agitation, getting it before us in such a manner as to arouse enthusiasm lends momentum to the drive, but now that it is impossible, owing to the epidemic which is spreading over the entire country, almost, and the order calling off all public meetings, to have any more speaking, it behooves every man to urge every other man to take not just a bond, but all the bonds convenient or possible to pay for. Our government needs and must have the money. So let's all get busy and keep busy until we at least reach the top.

ENTIRELY TOO MUCH JOY-JUICE ABOARD

Henry Wickliff, a colored inhabitant of Cleaton was caught in Rockport, with 19 pints of booze on or about his person Monday and as a penalty for hoarding too much wet goods in dry territory, was arrested by marshal Lankford and brought to Hartford Monday as a violator of the Prohibition laws. Wickliff not being

able to furnish bond for his appearance in Court Monday, October 14th., to show the whyforeness of all the booze being transported on his person, was conveyed to Greenville, where it was certain that he would be found to take up for himself on the day appointed by Judge Cook for the hearing, as Ohio County is entirely without lodging place for way-farers of this character at present.

ED HOOVER SEVERELY WOUNDED IN FRANCE

Mrs. Mary E. (Bettie) Hoover has received a telegram from the War Department at Washington, D. C., that Private Ed Hoover of the Machine-Gun Co., 61st U. S. Inf., was severely wounded in action at the front, September 16, and that his wounds were of a serious nature. Private Hoover was wounded on two previous occasions. Young Hoover was a former student of the school here and volunteered his services to the Government, at Owensboro, more than a year ago.

TOUBLES IN ROWAN CO. NEAR SETTLEMENT

Mention was made in these columns recently, of troubles in law, of certain citizens of "Rowan County." They came down Monday in good numbers to test their grievances in Court, but friends of parties at interest on each side called a council of conciliation and after a short session out of court, an agreement was reached by which all differences bid fare to be settled without Judge or Jury interference, and thus, the husbanding or conservation of much cost may be accomplished.

FORMER GOVERNOR MCCRERY PASSES AWAY

James Bennett McCreary, at the age of 80 years, answered the call from the great beyond, at his home in Richmond in the early hours of October 8th. Governor McCreary was perhaps the most noted personage in Kentucky at the time of his death. He had twice served the Commonwealth as its chief Executive, first in 1875 and again in 1911 he was elected as Governor, 36 years having elapsed between these two points of service. No other citizen of the whole country, to our knowledge, ever enjoyed this distinction. Between the dates of his service as Governor he was six times elected as a member of the National House of Representatives and once to the United States Senate. Burial of the remains took place at Richmond yesterday afternoon.

BOILED DOWN.

The War Department has held that school teaching is an essential occupation and draft boards may exempt teachers actually engaged in teaching.

There are eight thousand Indians in our army and three fourths of them are volunteers.

With a normal season only about three weeks of fighting weather now remains before the winter lull sets in.

An epidemic of Spanish Influenza is infecting the military camps of the country. The disease spreads rapidly, but is fatal only in rare cases where there are complications.

A resolution for nation wide woman suffrage failed by only two votes to get the necessary two thirds majority in the United States senate Tuesday.

Bond sales are moving faster than in any former drive.

IN FORBIDDEN AREA.

Jess Rankins and Jap Render were recently apprehended, and bonds fixed for their appearance in County Court, Monday, October 14th., under the charge of carrying whiskey into prohibition territory, in violation of law. Marshal Lankford of Rockport made the arrests.

Y. M. C. A. TO INSURE WAR WORKERS

Overseas war workers for the Y. M. C. A. hereafter will receive the benefits of a \$3,000 life insurance, all payments thereon to be made by the "Y". This, with the liability clause for total disablement will remove objections that have kept certain eager enthusiasts with families at home.

SHOW THE WITHERED HAND.

The handwriting is on the wall and the rapacious Hun needs no one to make the interpretation for him. He plainly realizes that the flaming letters spell doom for the hordes who have been pillaging and despoiling the God-given earth for four years and more, that the space in the sun might be forever held and monopolized by cultured brute force, the murderer and rapist. The repugnant Turk is being driven, as we hope, forever, from the hills, the valleys and plains hallowed by the footprints of the Master while on His earthly pilgrimage on behalf of sin-cursed humanity, and he, likewise is able to read and define the meaning of the characters upon the wall. Unmistakable evidence has come to hand that the rulers of Austria-Hungary are tired of the game and would throw up the "sponge" if they could break away from Wilhelm, the stud-cricketer of the whole shebang. The Allies have been pounding these enemies to civilization for good and for keeps, as is well known, for quite a spell now. The last of the famous Hindenburg line is now within territory held by allied forces, and still the advance does not halt, even if there is a bit of faltering at times, when an unusually strong nest of Huns is encountered. The alleged peace overtures may be a sign of the times, but they are not peace propositions at all, only jockeying for time and place, as we see it. If the enemy could better his positions by an armistice, a cessation of fighting for a considerable time, he might find "Gott" and again have him ride in his chariot, with Kaiser Bill as chaperon. If left to us, we would say nothing, but saw wood, buy Liberty Bonds, War Savings Stamps, train more soldiers, and as "Marse Henri" would say, battle from hell to break-fast, and not let up until William, the Hohenzollern screamed kamerad and with palm outward, shoved both the good and the withered hand high above the head that ought to be on a pole.

WHAT BRUNER STANDS FOR.

In his Manchester speech opening his campaign for United States senator, Dr. Bruner very justly said that the citizens who had the privilege of electing a public official were entitled to know what a candidate stood for who invited their support, and in a frank and manly way he proceeded to state his own position upon all questions of public interest. Among his more important declarations we call the following:

The vigorous and firm prosecution of the war to the earliest possible end, and his unreserved and unequivocal support of the administration's war policies and purposes.

Free transportation for our soldiers and reduced rates to the immediate members of their families when visiting them in camps.

Proper and generous care of the soldiers' widows and orphans while the soldiers are in the camps and trenches.

Prohibition of the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors, local state and national.

The adoption of an amendment to the federal constitution providing for woman suffrage.

Building a great merchant marine adequate to carry American products to every market of the world.

AMERICAN SOLDIERS THRIFTY

Thrift apparently thrives among the American fighting men in France. Of the \$3,000,000,000 in soldier home remittances that have passed through Y. M. C. A. channels individual payments have ranged from 30 cents to \$3,500. The "Y" officials make no charge for the banking services that has proved so useful to the soldiers.

MAGAN.

Several from here attended the burial of Mr. Ben Lee Kelly last Saturday, at the Kelly burying grounds.

Mr. Ray Stevens has returned to Camp Taylor, after a few days stay with his wife and mother.

R. R. Muffett and Arthur Whitehouse have purchased the property of Moseley and Midkiff, at this place.

H. A. Ralph and family visited J. T. Whitehouse, of Narrows, last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Westerfield, Mr. and Mrs. Bonnie Westerfield and son, Evelyn, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Ben Canary.

Mrs. Mattie Daniel, of Fordsville, visited her sister, Mrs. Cora Muffett, Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. J. D. Holbrook and children, of Buford, visited relatives at this place from Saturday until Monday.

H. A. Ralph, W. V. Midkiff and Miss Rhoda Whitehouse were called to Hartford on business last Monday.

Mr. Richard Fuqua, of Fordsville, is spending a few days with his daughter, Mrs. R. R. Muffett.

Mrs. Chas. Moseley and daughters, Willie Ree and Martha Louise, went to Fordsville shopping Monday.

Uncle Louis Sharp is slowly improving.

J. W. Muffett, Willie Muffett and L. C. Canary went to Owensboro Sunday to purchase a stock of goods.

BEATS THE WORLD.

It may not indeed beat the world but it beats anything we had ever seen. The big beet is 29 inches in circumference, 26 inches in length and weighs above seven pounds. The beet belongs to a stock-feeding variety, and was brought to this office

by Mr. Logan Smith, of Cool Springs. Mr. Smith is growing a quantity of these feed beets this season, and says it is the cheapest cattle feed the farmer can raise. If Fluke does not take it for home consumption, see the mammoth beet in our window.

STEWART ET AL.

ARE DISMISSED

Virgil Stewart and Mrs. Mack Allen, with another party, charged but not before the court, were arranged in County Court Monday, for examining trial on the accusation of banding together for the purpose of intimidating &c.

The Defendants were dismissed after the introduction of the Commonwealth's evidence, on insufficient testimony to warrant further prosecution.

ROSINE.

Farmers have been on the jump the past three weeks, rounding up their corn cutting, tobacco housing, sorghum making, &c., most all farm products well matured and properly cared for.

There is quite a lot of sickness in this vicinity, but few, if any serious cases. The Fourth Liberty Loan drive has the right of way over all other activities and is being well boosted here.

Mr. Andrew Alford was in Louisville, last week-end, for a couple of days.

Mrs. J. D. Leach has been suffering from a badly sprained ankle, for some time.

Thomas, the son of Mr. C. D. Campbell, is rapidly recovering from an attack of typhoid.

FLINT SPRING NEWS.

Mr. George Crow, who has been in on a ten day furlough visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jim Crow, left Wednesday for Washington, D. C. where he has been stationed for some time.

Mr. Lundy Robinson, of Beaver Dam has been visiting relatives here this week.

There are several cases of typhoid fever around here but all are convalescent.

Rev. Birch Shield and Rev. Theron Moore have been conducting a great revival meeting at New Liberty church for the last ten days.

Mrs. Dora White was the guest of Mrs. J. J. Robinson, of Beaver Dam, Tuesday.

Mr. Milford Romans went to Hartford Tuesday on business.

Every body is busy here with their tobacco this week.

Mr. Roy Butler who has been working at Stithon, Ky., returned home Monday.

Miss Anna Robinson spent Saturday and Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Robinson, Beaver Dam.

"Y" WORK OF REAL BENEFIT TO SOLDIERS.

Morale means much to the soldier, as Napoleon long since decided. Because the Y. M. C. A. activities help the morale of the American fighting men General Pershing and Colonel Wheeler know that a "900 army with a "Y" is better than 1,000 men without."

1200 Y. M. C. A. HUTS IN FRANCE.

The American Section of the Y. M. C. A. working entirely with the United States Army and Navy, now operates 550 huts in France The Foyer du Soldat, the branch co-operating with the French army, has established 831 centers but has lost many through enemy fire, etc. It now has open 650 huts.

A \$5.00 BEAN.

Tolbert Miller of the Noreek community, says he is going to be very careful in the future with his beans, as beans at five Iron men each were not made for children to play with. He has at least one such bean for which he paid a local Physician \$5.00 to remove from his little girl's nose last Monday.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

The time in which you may assess your property is rapidly drawing to a close, so you that have not heeded the call, get busy and present yourself and list at my office immediately.

D. E. WARD,
County Tax Commissioner.

THE IRONWORKER'S SPEECH

We have heard a number of the ablest orators of the country speak for the Liberty Loans, but the most sincere, earnest appeal we have yet heard was the speech of an old iron worker, delivered at the corner of Fourth and Market streets in Louisville, a few nights ago. The speaker was a man past sixty, of rough exterior and clumsy of word, but possessed common sense and moderated earnestness. "I am," he said, "not a leader of men but a worker in metal, but I am a part of an imperiled country. I am too old to fight, but these old hands can still work and earn and buy Liberty Bonds. I have lifted enough billets of steel to build a battleship, I have unloaded thousands of cars of coke and coal, and am still at my post in an hour of my country's need. With the labor of my hands I have bought six Liberty Bonds already and I am going to buy more. I want no honor for the little I have done, but I am enraged that while the sweat and backache of labor are fed into the treasury to support the war, women of wealth and leisure, with poodle dogs in their laps, and wasting valuable gasoline, encumber our streets in the way of those busy in useful occupations, when they should be saving every penny, as I am doing, to buy bonds. I pity the poor who can not buy bonds, but damn the rich who wallow in luxury and ease while the poor sacrifice and save. The man or woman who indulges in needless luxury while the government is distressed for funds with which to feed and clothe and arm our boys over there is a criminal enemy to this country. Why, I put painlessly to death the faithful old dog, whose tail had wagged joyfully when I came home from the metal works. With tears I saw him go, but I could not see food given even to the faithful old dog when it was needed to feed a dear boy who is fighting my battles 'over there'. Men, if we can not fight over there we can fight over here, and let us work and stint and save, and buy Liberty bonds." We have heard the trained orator in measured terms persuade his countrymen to do their part, but the orate earnestness of this humble ironworker carried the most sincere and convincing message we have yet heard for buying Liberty Bonds.

LIGHTLY PATRONIZED.

The Management of the Star Theatre recently advertised a special attraction, the net proceeds of which were to go to the benefit of the Red Cross, putting the price of admission down to a dime, thinking thereby to have at least two good houses and the more to assist in a worthy cause, but the people turned out only a gross total of \$17.90 worth, all of which was turned over to the Red Cross. In this instance the Star seemed to be more patriotic than the people.

REV. GARDENER DEAD.

Rev. A. B. Gardener, of Morgantown, died at his home, Wednesday, at 9 o'clock, P. M. Death was due to an attack of influenza and pneumonia. Rev. Gardener was well known here, having served the Hartford Baptist Church as pastor.

OLATON.

Every body is glad to see some more warm weather.

Mr. and Mrs. George Daniel, of Owensboro, visited Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Arms here Sunday.

Little Floy Daniel, daughter of Mr. Horace Daniel, has scarlet fever.

Bro. Grep gave a very interesting talk at the Baptist Church Friday night, for the benefit of the Liberty Bond sale.

Mrs. Arthur Mitchell, of Beaver Dam, has returned home, after spending a few days with her mother, Mrs. Joe Miller.

Misses Bessie and Hattie May visited friends at Fordsville Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Monroe, of Owensboro, are visiting their brother, Mr. Hiram Monroe.

LIGHTS TOO BRIGHT.

Mack Allen of Rosine, was in town Monday and while here managed to get all "Lit up." While in that condition he obligingly presented himself in an open session of Judge Cook's Court, where and when he secured unto himself a fine for being too hilarious and too much in evidence.

The Huns Can't Stop This Tank - By F. Oppen





Forward!

With no thought of bursting shrapnel and poisonous gases into which they plunge--with every muscle tense, with every faculty of mind alert, with one thought only--**TO FIGHT AND WIN.**

That is the way our men are going into battle. When the shrill whistle sounds the advance, out they go--their whole heart in the task before them. *No power on earth can hold them back.*



Forward!

The same sharp challenge to battle is sounding for us. We must answer in the same proud way--the way of our fighting men--the American way. *We must lend the way they fight.*

We must show the war-maddened Hun a united American people moving forward shoulder to shoulder, irresistibly, to Victory.

Our task is to supply the money, the ships, the guns, the shells that we must have to win. It is a tremendous task. We must do our part as our fighting men do theirs with the indomitable spirit of Victory.

We must work, and save, and lend with one thought only--**TO FIGHT AND WIN.**

Buy Fourth Liberty Bonds

"Don't Let the SON Go Down"

This page is patriotically donated by the following firms and business people of Rockport:

HARREL BROS.
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COMMERCIAL HOTEL
MRS. A. J. GIBBS

"ENOCH" CROWDER FATHER OF DRAFT

Careers Of Two Generals Show Strange Parallels In Military History.

Washington, Oct. 5.—"Enoch"—the name signifies dedication.

Enoch H. Crowder, major general, U. S. A. provost marshal general and judge advocate of the American army and the genius of the draft, has dedicated himself to making this country the greatest military power on the face of the earth.

He is the man whose hand before next summer will have reached into four million American homes and taken from them their best young men for the army.

To the close study which he has made of conscription since 1888 is due the entire credit for the success of the first, the second and now the third draft of America's manhood.

Where He Got The Idea.

When General Crowder was a junior lieutenant at an obscure army post in Texas in 1888 he chanced upon a copy of the old Civil War draft regulations.

He read them over, first out of curiosity. Then he began to think how those rules could have been made more just and equitable.

Gradually he evolved his ideas of how a draft should be run and with the idea came the conviction that some day in this country there would be the need of a great army, and that this army would be raised, not from volunteers but by a process of selection from the total man power of the country.

Meanwhile Crowder was advancing in the army step by step.

BAKER GIVES HIM CREDIT.

When the United States entered the war General Crowder was the one man in the army who was ready to go before Congress with a concrete suggestion for the framing of a selective draft law.

The result has been that where in the Civil War the draft riots and general public resentment at the unfairness of the law resulted in only 46,347 men being inducted into the army out of a total of nearly 800,000 men drafted, the law which was prepared almost entirely by General Crowder has been administered almost without a complaint.

Crowder himself disclaims all credit for the draft law, but Secretary of war, Baker has said:

"No one knows so well as I to whom we are indebted for the selective service law in all its bearings, its conception as well as its complex administration. The man to whom we owe the most in this respect is Crowder."

Careers Have Parallels.

The careers of Generals Pershing and Crowder have followed a remarkable parallel from the time of their births.

They originated in adjoining counties in Missouri—Lynn and Grundy—and are within a year of the same age.

Both were appointed cadets at West Point, Crowder going first.

Both were commissioned second lieutenants in the cavalry, and saw their first service together in the Germano-Indian campaign.

Lieutenant Crowder was detailed as instructor of military tactics at the University of Missouri. Lieutenant Pershing received a similar assignment at the University of Nebraska.

Both studied law and graduated with law degrees.

In the campaign against the Sioux in the early nineties they were together again.

Both served in Cuba and the Philippines, and both went as U. S. military representatives to Japan during the Russo-Japanese war.

Crowder was appointed major in 1895, when he was made judge advocate of the regular army, while Pershing jumped from captain to brigadier general.

Both now hold the maximum rank possible by law to the officers they hold—Pershing a full general and Crowder a major general, the highest rank that can be held by an officer attached to staff corps duty.

Sincere Gratitude.

Mrs. William Bell, Logansport, Ind., writes: "I deem it my duty to express my gratitude for the good Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy did me when I had a severe attack of diarrhoea three years ago. It was the only medicine that relieved me."

UN PRISONER SAW MOVIE OF NEW YORK "IN RUINS"

St. Louis, Oct. 5.—Corporal William M. Barton, Battery F, 128th Field Artillery, in a letter to his mother, M. M. Barton, of this city, tells an instance of German treachery decided those at home. He says: "One of our fellows who can speak

German was talking with a German prisoner the other day. The prisoner was a college man and a Heidelberg graduate. In the course of their conversation the prisoner said he saw, while at home, moving pictures of New York city virtually destroyed by bombs and shells from airplanes and gunboats. He also said he saw pictures of all the German-owned boats taken over by the United States at the beginning of the war all broken up and destroyed.

"When we told him that such was not the case he seemed under the impression that we were 'kidding' him. The German prisoners don't seem to believe there is any appreciable number of Americans over here, but I imagine that with what happened yesterday and what is happening daily now, they will soon be convinced we are here in large numbers."

Surgeons agree that in cases of cuts, burns, bruises and wounds. The first treatment is most important. When an efficient antiseptic is applied promptly, there is no danger of infection, and the wound begins to heal at once. For use on man or beast, Borozone is the ideal antiseptic and healing agent. Buy it now and be ready for an emergency. Price 25c, \$1.00 and \$1.50. Sold by Ohio Drug Co.

PUTTING OUT THE CAT. (Los Angeles Times.)

The Audubon societies, which, in the nature of things, are friendly to useful birds and animals, now seem to be organizing against the all-prevailing American cat. It is represented that there are upward of 200,000,000 of him—or her—as the case may be, and that the numbers show no diminution as a result of the war. It is claimed that the friendly companionship of the cat is no compensation for its keep; that the mice it catches may be as easily and effectually destroyed in traps, and that for the birds it devours it merits the death sentence. The birds live almost entirely on vermin and insects that are destructive to plant life and therefore must be protected. The cats persist in hunting the birds and therefore the friends of the feathered flock must hunt the cats. Also in most households the cat is a positive expense—which is in itself a condemnation in a time of thrift and conservation. Most families buy milk or meat for their cats, and what they eat might easily go to something of more value to society or humanity. The Audubonists are a gentle folk, but when it comes to cats they have no felices.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

AMERICAN SLANG SURE 'GETS' BRITISH WOMEN

London, Sept. 28.—A picturesque lot of slang is being accumulated in staid old Britain these days by the constantly increasing stream of American and Canadian soldiers who are passing thru, usually spending a few weeks in the training camps in England and coming to London in swarms when on leave.

A Canadian soldier asked a woman at the hut buffet if there were any cackleberries.

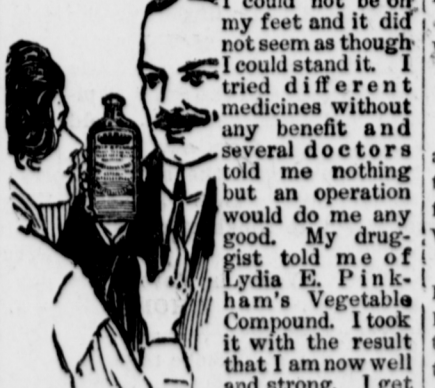
"I am sorry," was the reply, "but we have no fruit of any sort."

The soldier explained with broad smile that cackleberries were eggs—boiled or poached—and very soon he was enjoying a couple; and the buffet women were enjoying the sight.

WOMAN WORKS 15 HOURS A DAY

Marvelous Story of Woman's Change from Weakness to Strength by Taking Druggist's Advice.

Peru, Ind.—"I suffered from a displacement with backache and dragging down pains so badly that at times I could not be on my feet and it did not seem as though I could stand it. I tried different medicines without any benefit and several doctors told me nothing but an operation would do me any good. My druggist told me of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I took it with the result that I am now well and strong. I get up in the morning at four o'clock, do my housework, then go to a factory and work all day, come home and get supper and feel good. I don't know how many of my friends I have told what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me."



—Mrs. ANNA MERTLAND, 26 West 10th St., Peru, Ind.
Women who suffer from any such ailments should not fail to try this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

BELGIANS WHO DEFY HUNS SLAIN

Fate Of Railroad Workers Certain If They Dare Resistance.

(Louisville Herald)

Washington, Oct. 5.—America asks her railway employees to give the nation the best transportation service possible, raises their pay and asks them to subscribe to the Liberty loan liberally.

The Hun in Belgium tries to force Belgian railwaymen to work and when resisted punishes with prison and death.

Belgium had 289 miles of state-owned railroads and 2,091 miles partially controlled by the state. She had a greater percentage of roads per square mile than Great Britain, France or Germany.

When the Hun invaded Belgium, many engineers drove their engines into France to keep them out of the hands of the enemy.

Refuse Pay Offered.
Belgian engineers in 1914 were offered as high as \$10 a day to drive engines on the inclined plane of Haut Pre, but refused.

In 1915 the Hun began his usual policy of force. At Luttre a deputation of workmen were offered \$5. They refused on behalf of their comrades. They were shut up in a train and threatened with deportation to Hunland, where they would be compelled to work without pay. Next day the train moved off, the workmen defiantly crying "Vive la Belgique!" They were, however, released at Namur. Next 100 were collected and a Hun officer promised them certificates stating they were forced to work. He asked those who agreed to this to step forward. All the men stepped backward.

Manager Is Imprisoned.

M. Kesseler, manager of the Luttre workshop, was imprisoned for two days, then ordered to persuade his men to work. He said he could not violate his oath of allegiance to his king. Finally he read the German order, winding up by saying he left the men to their own judgement. They stood pat.

Kesseler and two of his staff were imprisoned. 190 railway workmen were sent to Germany and 60 more were arrested. At Malines 500 railway men were incarcerated for a time and the town penalized because they refused to work for the Hun.

Are Sent To Prison.

In 1917 at Tournai the men were imprisoned for four months for refusing to work. In December this was increased to a year.

In Brussels the banks were ordered to cease payments of money to families of recalcitrant railroad men and finally the railway mechanics were deported to Hunland.

Many hundreds of miles of light railroads were torn up and the rails and rolling stock shipped to France for use behind the Kaiser's lines.

Factories were looted of all their machinery, which was sent to Hunland.

Workers Are Executed.

In February of this year at Mouscron two guards and a railway laborer were sentenced by a military court for "acts opposed to German interests." Their "crime" was to refuse to work for the invader.

Archille Debacker, a guard, was at once executed. Henry Debavoy, guard, and Jules Leuridan, railway workman, were sent to prison for fifteen years at hard labor. The town was liberally placarded with their names and punishments.

If your child starts in its sleep, grinds its teeth while sleeping, picks at the nose, has a bad breath, fickle appetite, pale complexion, and dark rings under the eyes; it has worms; and as long as they remain in the intestines, that child will be sickly. White's Cream Vermifuge clears out the worms, strengthens the stomach and bowels and puts the little one on the road to health and cheerfulness. Price 30c per bottle. Sold by Ohio Drug Co.

WRITE THE SOLDIER BOYS AT THE FRONT

You who have kindred or friends among the boys "over there," listen to this moving appeal in their behalf from a Georgia officer in their midst. Writing to an Atlanta friend, he says:

It happens to be my job as company commander to censor all company mail, and it is from reading these letters that I know how much the men want to hear from home and friends—and not all of them are fortunate to hear. A letter doesn't seem like a very momentous thing—back home; one accepts them along with other blessings of God's country rather as a matter of course. But over here mail from home is—well it is mail from home. Home to these boys means more than it ever did before, and mail is the one connecting link

A bright, cheery letter from home just naturally knocks the spots out of troubles, and adds no little to the spirit and consequently to the efficiency of the man who receives it. Tell 'em to write often and long; no sob stuff, but bright, cheerful stuff about home doings. These men thrive on that sort of thing.

All who have torpid liver, weak digestion or constipated bowels look out for chills. The season is here and the air is full of the disease germs. The best thing to do is to get your liver in good condition and purify the stomach and bowels. Herbine is the right remedy, it answers the purpose completely. Price 60c. Sold by Ohio Drug Co.

WHY HE WORRIED

Somebody told him that in 4,387 years the coal supply of the United States would be entirely exhausted, and he worried about it.

He didn't have his next winter's supply of coal in the cellar, but he didn't worry about it.

He read in a newspaper that hundreds of people die every year from preventable diseases, and he worried about it.

He wasn't taking proper care of his health, but he didn't worry about it.

He wasn't buying any Thrift Stamps, but he didn't worry about it.

He realized that his beauty was fading, and he worried about it.

He was "falling down" on the job, but he didn't worry about it.

He learned that the high cost of living would probably go higher, and he worried about it.

He didn't exert himself to earn a better salary, but he didn't worry about it.—The Transmitter.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

TO NURSES AND RED CROSS WORKERS.

1. All colds, however slight, should be treated as possible attacks of influenza. Patients affected by colds should stay at home and sterilize discharges from the nose and throat.

2. Avoid feeling or spreading fear of the disease.

3. Avoid crowds.

4. Regulate bodily functions and keep them so.

5. Avoid the breath or expelled secretions from people suffering from colds.

6. Wash out the nose and throat two or three times daily by a nasal spray or douche and by a gargle with a "normal salt solution" (½ teaspoonful salt to one glass (8 ounces) clean water.)

7. All those in attendance on patients with influenza should wear masks such as are provided by the Red Cross Nursing Bureau.

8. Clothing should be warm and dry. Food simple and easily digested. Drink water freely.

Signed, E. G. BARRASS.

Chairman Civilian Relief Committee, A. R. C.

BRITONS TRANSPORT AMERICAN SOLDIERS

London, Oct. 5.—Of the more than 1,800,000 American soldiers transported to Europe to the end of September nearly 1,000,000 were carried in British or British-controlled ships. American vessels carried 786,000 and the remainder were brought across the Atlantic on French and Italian ships.

To insure the safety of this enormous force has entailed a tremendous amount of work for the allied fleet. The British navy has done 70 per cent of the conveying, the American fleet 27 per cent and the French fleet 3 per cent.

The figures help to emphasize what is being realized more fully here, and doubtless in Germany also the enormous contribution America is making to the common cause of the allies. They also bring out the strength of the British naval arm and the failure of the German submarines to prevent the arrival of an American army.

Woman's Case Startles Rockport

A business man's wife could not read or sew without sharp pain in her eyes. For years her eyes were red and weak. Finally she tried pure Lavoptik eye wash. The result of ONE application astonished her. A small bottle Lavoptik is guaranteed to benefit EVERY CASE weak, strained or inflamed eyes. ONE WASH will startle with its quick results. Aluminum eye cup FREE. Harrel Bros. druggists at Rockport.

SPANISH FLUE, ORIGIN SYMPTOMS AND CURE

Malady Is An Old One And A Product Of The Far East.

Spanish influenza, which is now attacking many cantonnments and cities of the country, is not making its appearance in America for the first time. There have been other world epidemics of this disease, which have in time reached this country and taken severe toll of the population. In an article printed in the current number of the Journal of the American Medical Association, an interesting glimpse at the present and past of the "flu" is given. A resume of the article follows:

"Under various names, epidemics corresponding to epidemic influenza have occurred at irregular intervals, since accurate descriptions have been made of the disease. It is likely that at still earlier times this disease was combined and confused with other epidemic disorders and so did not stand out as an entity until a relatively modern period. In early English literature this disease is spoken of under a variety of terms. Creighton recognizes it under the name 'ague' used by British seventeenth century authors. In 1659 Cromwell died from this disease, when Morton says the country was 'one vast hospital.' The Italian term 'influenza' first came to England in association with the epidemic of 1742, and it has been employed in connection with the great epidemics of 1883, 1847 and 1889-90.

Originated In The East.

"The pandemics usually originated in the far East and gradually extended westward. The rate of human travel and the degree of intercourse determined the rapidity of the extension.

The causative agent of epidemic influenza has not been certainly recognized.

"The cases in the present epidemic begin usually quite suddenly with pain in the head, back, eyes, limbs and joints. With the pain there is great prostration, chilliness and a fever of from 101 to 104 degrees. The pulse does not become very rapid and the patient is often drowsy. Vomiting may occur. Sometimes there may be diarrhoea, but usually there is constipation. After the disease has become established the mucous membranes of the nose and throat become reddened and there is sneezing and redness of the conjunctivae. Involvement of the larynx causes hoarseness, and of the bronchi, causing cough, are common.

"Not infrequently a lobular pneumonia develops after a few days, and this is responsible for most of the fatalities.

"The incubation period in these influenzas is probably very short, but it is difficult to obtain accurate figures on this point. The disease is probably spread entirely by contact infection, the virus of the disease being disseminated for short distances through droplets driven into the air in coughing and sneezing. Circumstances which favor this means of spread, such as crowding in street cars favor the spread of the disease.

Treatment Is Symptomatic.

"The treatment is largely symptomatic. Acetylsalicylic acid or similar remedies may be required to relieve pain. Warm baths may give relief. The mouth should be kept clean and elimination stimulated by the free ingestion of water and hot drinks. The patient should be kept in bed in a well-ventilated room until the fever has disappeared. Chilling should be avoided.

"Specific measures are not available in treatment of influenza. With certain identifications of the causal agent, we may hope for some specific protective measures and perhaps for some specific therapeutic serum.

"The measures to be taken to prevent the spread of the disease comprise all those which interfere with the transfer of infectious materials from the sick to the uninfected. This includes isolation of the patient and the intelligent use of proper gauze masks by the attendant. In the time of an epidemic prompt and efficient isolation of the first cases in the community should accomplish much. If this has been neglected and the infection has spread among the population, measures which prevent the coming together of numbers of persons in close quarters, are to be employed. The desirability of closing schools in large cities in the presence of an epidemic is a measure of doubtful value. In smaller places this is more reasonable, and the danger of infections, when the children are outdoors, should be less than when they are brought together in a schoolroom.

FEW PULLETS SOLD.

Rapid development of the poultry market is evident from field observations by the Food Administration.

Helps Sick Women

Cardui, the woman's tonic, helped Mrs. William Eversole, of Hazel Patch, Ky. Read what she writes: "I had a general breaking-down of my health. I was in bed for weeks, unable to get up. I had such a weakness and dizziness, ... and the pains were very severe. A friend told me I had tried everything else, why not Cardui? ... I did, and soon saw it was helping me ... After 12 bottles, I am strong and well."

TAKE CARDUI The Woman's Tonic

Do you feel weak, dizzy, worn-out? Is your lack of good health caused from any of the complaints so common to women? Then why not give Cardui a trial? It should surely do for you what it has done for so many thousands of other women who suffered—it should help you back to health.

Ask some lady friend who has taken Cardui. She will tell you how it helped her. Try Cardui.

All Druggists

I. 67

W. F. Priebe, its poultry specialist, has just returned from a trip through Kentucky, Tennessee, Missouri and Illinois and in all of these states, poultry is taking its place among the more important farm operations.

Women especially have signified their desire to keep large flocks for egg production to show they are good "soldiers" in the Food Administration Army. Farm prices for poultry and eggs are unusually attractive and these are largely due to an improved quality resulting from better care and compulsory egg candling regulations. This summer the price paid farmers for eggs in central Tennessee was about seven cents nearer the New York wholesale market than last year.

Bronchical Trouble.

Mrs. A. E. Sidenberder, Rockfield, Ind., states: "For an attack of bronchical trouble which usually assails me in the spring I find Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the only thing that gives me relief. After using it for a few days all signs of bronchical trouble disappear."

SHELL WORKS SHOCK MORGAN NEW JERSEY.

New York, Oct. 4.—The shell loading plant of T. A. Gillespie & Co., at Morgan, N. J. near South Amboy, which is said to be the largest shell-loading plant in the world, was partially destroyed, with a probable large loss of life, by a series of explosions beginning at 7:40 o'clock tonight.

More than two thousand men, composing the night shift of the plant, were at work when a comparatively light explosion occurred, which put out all the lights. The men dropped work and ran in every direction from the maze of long, one-story building units. While they were seeking to escape the buildings blew up on all sides of them, one after another, and those who escaped reported to-night that a large percentage of the force had been wiped out.

1,500 Killed Or Wounded.

After talking with survivors who were hurried in ambulances to South Amboy the police there estimated the dead at 100. Some of the employees who escaped said that three-fourths of the night shift, or about 1,500 men, were killed or wounded.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

The Hartford Republican

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Subscribers desiring the paper sent
to a new address must give the old
address in making the request.
Business Locals and Notices 10c
per line, and 5c per line for additional
insertion.
Obituaries, Resolutions and Cards
of Thanks, 5c per line, money in advance.
Church Notices for services free,
but other advertisements, 5c per line.
Anonymous communications will
receive no attention.

TELEPHONES.
Cumberland 123
Farmers Mutual 59

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 11

REPUBLICAN TICKET.



For United States Senator—
BEN. L. BRUNER.
For Congress—
JOHN P. HASWELL, JR.
For Appellate Judge—
MUSKER. L. HEAVIN.

"The Huns are groggy, knock 'em
out." TEDDY.

If you have some waste timber on
the farm saw it to short blocks and
mix it with the coal in your grate,
and save coal to fire the ships that
transport guns and food to our sold-
iers over there.

Governor Stanley's statement that
"The President's party made the
war" was so amazingly absurd that
the Louisville Courier Journal hastens
to disavow it. If the Governor's
statement were to be taken seriously
Republicans would be absolved from
all obligation.

Over the protest of a united press
and the voice of the best citizenship
of the state, the State Racing Com-
mission authorized fall racing at
Louisville. Mr. Stanley appointed the
State Racing Commission, and a
word from him would have prevented
this imposition on a long suffering
public.

The Todd County Times, a Demo-
cratic newspaper, says it can see no
reason for excitement among Demo-
crats over the coming November elec-
tion, while Billy Kaltenbacher, in the
Louisville Times, is giving Stanley
from 250,000 to 300,000 majority.
Kalt has the ear but not the confi-
dence of the reading public.

Dr. Bruner is a lifelong advocate of
prohibition, and his personal habits
have rigidly conformed to such con-
victions. Gov. Stanley has been the
open and avowed advocate and apolo-
gist of the liquor business. The news
must go out to thirty six states whose
legislatures have not yet voted on the
national constitutional amendment.
Next year Kentucky is to vote on a
statewide prohibition amendment.
With this condition in view it re-
quires no argument to show the
friends of prohibition what the ef-
fect of the result of the senatorial
election in Kentucky this year may
be.

If the war is to be vigorously pro-
secuted to a speedy end and impar-
tial justice is to be distributed
throughout the nation, the govern-
ment should at once draft every man,
who is not in the military service, for
industrial disposition. The govern-
ment has as just a right to draft and
distribute labor units as it has the
military. The burden of the war
should be justly distributed among
all the people. And if prices are to
be fixed on all commodities, the country
is entitled to protection against
money-mad profiteering no less than
against the power-mad Hun. In the
language of Abraham Lincoln this
country can not exist half slave and
half free.

Friday of last week the Louisville

Times made a frantic appeal to the
people of the Fifth district to re-
turn Swager Sherley to congress. In
its eagerness to boost its favorite the
Times indulged the absurd statement
that Mr. Sherley was the ablest man
in either house of congress. Friday
the Times in another editorial, less
extravagant but earnest, urged the
voters of Louisville to adjourn poli-
tics and elect Judge Gordon to the
Appellate court. Such loyalty to its
party candidates is creditable if not
commendable, but why does not the
times follow up, or rather why did
it not precede, this editorial shell fire
with an editorial torrent boosting its
candidate, Governor Stanley, for the
United States senate? Since the third
quarter of the September moon we
have not observed the mention of can-
didate Stanley's name in the editorial
columns of the Courier Journal or
Times.

The Democratic press is heralding
the statement that if a Republican
congress is elected the verdict will be
accepted in Europe as a protest
against the war. This is a declaration
to the Central Powers that more than
eight million American voters are dis-
loyal, and if true would be comfort-
ing news to the enemy. Unless the
German people know what liars these
Democratic newspapers are, and the
Republicans should elect the congress
there will indeed be rejoicing in the
House of the Hohenzollerns. If this
bold and baseless charge should reach
the ears of the Huns, and the Republi-
cans carry the election, and the
effect of the charge should encourage
the Huns to renewed slaughter of our
brave American boys the blood
will be upon the hands of the au-
thors of these slanderous libels who
would barter the lives of your boys
and mine for a partisan victory. But
fortunate the German people are not
such stupid fools as these newspapers
assume the American voters to be,
and when the Hun hears the party
that once before waged a long and
bloody war to preserve the great
western Republic has again a com-
manding voice in this government he
will not mistake the meaning of the
election.

If its criminal to say so, please pardon
us Mr. Governor Stanley, but only
a short time ago you were shouting
from every hill top and stump from
one side of this country to the other,
that every Democrat running for of-
fice, even from President to Constable,
should be elected because "He"
kept us out of war, and only recently
you mount these same hilltops and
stumps and vow to the world that the
Democrats declared this war and for
that reason no Republican should be
elected to office. The two statements
look like and smell like a bit of
sight-of-hand juggling, clumsily
done. No sane, self respecting person
will state that there are fewer Republi-
cans battling the unholy Hun than
there are Democrats. Republicans buy
War Saving Stamps, put their money
into Liberty Loan Bonds and in every
way assist in the campaigns for sale
and distribution do they not? Per-
ishing, commander-in-chief, on the
ground, "over there" is a Republican,
is he not? Then when the Republican
party has never been known to hesi-
tate or shrink when patriotism was at
stake or the country in danger, it
looks exceedingly bad, it sounds even
worse for the Chief Executive of a
great state like Kentucky to scream
before an intelligent public audience,
that epublicans should not be elected,
because you can't trust them in these
times to support measures necessary
to the successful prosecution of the
war. The loss of which might take
away our liberties, endanger this
great Union of ours and entail un-
told hardship and suffering upon our
children and their children for gen-
erations to come. The man, for the
sake of securing office who makes the
statement ascribed to Governor Stan-
ley, should not only be voted against
by every Republican in the state but
by the Independent as well for he
would no sooner trust one than the
other, and it is our opinion that hun-
reds and thousands of good, fearless,
fair minded, truly patriotic Demo-
crats will likewise rebuke the man
who would drive all but Democrats
out of the war activities and forbid
them having a voice in the affairs of
our government.

THE BRUNERS IN UNIFORM.
It is easy to see why the Louis-
ville Courier Journal says it will not
attack Dr. Bruner's patriotism. Dr.
Bruner's family record for patriotism
is a long and honorable one. His
great-grandfather fought under
Washington in the Revolutionary
war, his grandfather fought under
Jackson at New Orleans, his father
was a Union Soldier in the Civil War,
Dr. Bruner himself was a soldier in
the Spanish American war and his
son is now fighting in the trenches in
France.

SOMETHING WRONG.
Under the ruling of the Fuel Com-
missioner, or perhaps the War In-
dustries Board, it matters not which,
or if not either but some other board,
it is the duty of certain Union Of-
ficials to keep a record of the days

worked and the idle days spent by
each individual Miner, and to make
report at the end of each month. We
talked to an intelligent official of
an Ohio County Local Union recent-
ly, who told us his September report
showed that quite a number failed to
put in anything like all of the time
and that one party failed to present
himself for a waiting job at the mine
21 out of the 25 good working days
of the month, and that too, without
an excuse in so far as he knew. There
is something radically wrong, either
with the man, or the system, when an
able-bodied workman labors only four
days out of a month, if of his own
election. It makes no difference
whether the person individually,
needs the proceeds of the labor or not.
One should have more interest in the
success of his Country and the good
of his fellowman, because upon the
plentiful production of coal depends
the life of both, for, without coal
food can not be moved, arms, amuni-
tion, clothing and a thousand other
things can not be manufactured or
gotten to the boys in deadly combat,
fighting our battles on the blood
stained fields of war torn Europe.
Mine the coal, feed the furnaces
"over here" and save the boys "over
there."

POLITICS IN PARAGRAPHS.

When reproached by Dr. Bruner
for abusing the pardoning power,
Governor Stanley's only defense was
that he had pardoned more Republi-
cans than Democrats. All of which re-
minds us that even before Mr. Stan-
ley was elected Governor, rumor had
it that his friends were bartering
promises of pardons to mountain Re-
publicans in return for votes.

On the letter head of the Demo-
cratic state campaign Committee we
observe the pictures of Wilson and
Stanley leaning heavily apart. We
assume this is meant to illustrate the
divergence of their opinions on woman
suffrage.

It is perhaps unfortunate for Gov-
ernor Stanley's candidacy for United
States Senator this year, that the
Louisville Courier-Journal and Times
passed from under the control of
brewery and distillery sentiment and
into the hands of a management that
stands for the rights of women and
prohibition.

While the nation is engaged in the
most titanic war of all ages and
times, it is a fortunate event that
partisan politics should be subordi-
nated to the highest interest of the
country. The election of the United
States Senator from Kentucky this
year, rightly turns upon the personal
records of the respective candidates.
Dr. Bruner has been identified with
the Sunday School, Church and moral
influences, and is entitled to the re-
spect and confidence of the best sen-
timent of the State. He stands for
State and national prohibition and
for woman suffrage, the two great
moral movements which are now
commanding the attention of the
people.

The Republicans, out in the State,
are accustomed to inquiring what will
Louisville do? The Democrats' loss of
nearly seven thousand votes in the
Louisville registration is the conclu-
sive answer this year to what Louis-
ville will do.

Mr. Stanley was for a number of
years a representative in Congress
and for three years has been Gov-
ernor of the Commonwealth, and yet no
well known Democratic newspaper
in Kentucky offers Mr. Stanley's of-
ficial record as a reason for his elec-
tion to the United States Senate.

To those who would elect a United
States Senator to support the Presi-
dent's war measures, we commend
this statement of Dr. Bruner's in his
Springfield speech, "Were I not
heart and soul for every war policy
that Woodrow Wilson stands for, for
winning the war, I would not seek
your support in this race.

Disappointed by the diluted in-
dorsement given him in the Presi-
dent's telegram to Senator Beckham,
Governor Stanley hurried to Wash-
ington to consult Mr. Wilson. So far
the fruits of the Governor's visit to
the White House are not apparent.

BEDA.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Wiggins, Mr.
and Mrs. J. W. Tanner spent the day
in Owensboro, Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Bennett were
the guests of Mr. and Mrs. R. P.
Bennett, near Hartford, Sunday.

Mrs. Maggie Shown visited rela-
tives in Centertown from Thursday
until Monday.

Mrs. Joe B. Rogers of Kewanee,
Ky., is visiting her parents, Mr. and
Mrs. B. M. Bennett of this place.
Mrs. Mary Liles visited the family
of Mr. Lonnie Hoover Monday.
Mr. John Holland was buried at
Mt. Hermon, Tuesday.

Farmers are exceedingly busy with
their wheat crops and other fall
work.

Mrs. Charlotte Mills is visiting her
daughter, Mrs. T. E. McQuary, near
Bells Run.

Messrs. W. Q. Parks and D. F.
Daniel were engaged in erecting mon-
uments Monday.

STRAY STREAKS

(By Fluke McFluke.)

Our Mills grind out copy faster
than I can furnish it.

There are 40 small, school boys in
this burg who would welcome an epi-
demic of smallpox just as soon as the
"Flu" dies out.

I loaned John Henry my suit case
to take to Louisville the other day
and I am fondly looking forward to
the day he returns it. I told him to
use it just any way he thought I
wanted him to, but when he started
home, for goodness sake not to break
nothin' in it.

The M. H. & E. had a stray engine
on the road one day this week that
carried a whistle like a real R. R.
engine. Most everybody in that part
of town turned out thinking there
was by some chance, a real train in
the old burg.

We notice where Aus Bratcher,
Sheriff, has been made custodian of
the enormous amount of 19 pints of
BOOZE, taken from some poor Cuss
who was said to have been illegally
in possession of it. We presume that
Aus and Cicero will likewise be the
destroyers of these captured rays of
liquid sunshine. Gee, how I wish me
and John Henry had this sinecure
job at the temple of justice.

We received a letter from a citizen
of this town, from Louisville yester-
day, a part of which reads as follows,
"Everybody has the 'flu' up here.
Schools, churches and shows closed.
I am scared every minute lest they
close the saloons. You see I won't
have to go with my wife to church
and I will save the expense of taking
her to the shows and if the saloons
won't close I am safe for the balance
of the week." Guess who wrote us
the letter?

Albert Rial says Bill Riley, the
Barber, ought to have made a Prize
fighter, 'cause he's got the strongest
right arm of most any man in town.
Yes, Rial says a fellow almost has
to be strapped in the barber chair to
stay while Bill shaves him.

With John Henry in Louisville,
the daily papers failing to come in,
me as dry as the driest spot in the
Sahara desert and the Linotype Girl
hollering copy, copy, have you any
copy? My crosses are not red ones,
but believe me, they are durned hard
to stand up under.

Do you get up at night? Sanol is
surely the best for all kidney or blad-
der troubles. Sanol gives relief in
24 hours form all backache and blad-
der troubles. Sanol is a guaranteed
remedy. 50c and \$1.00 a bottle at
the drug store.

FISCAL COURT ORDER.

Regular Term Ohio County Fiscal
Court, October Term, 1918. "Resolu-
tion and Order.

On motion of Esquire W. S. Dean,
it is ordered that in the event the
Question of voting a 20 cent road
tax, for a period of Five (5) years,
should carry in favor of said tax,
this court will change the system of
working the public roads of Ohio
County, and will discontinue the
system of working the roads by
hands, and the very best system will
be substituted for the system now in
force. Ayes and nays being called
resulted in all of the Justices present
voting in the affirmative, whereupon
the motion was declared carried and
so ordered.

MACK COOK, J. O. C. C.
A true copy attest;
1414 W. C. BLANKENSHIP,
Clerk Ohio County Fiscal Court.

DELMER STEWART DEAD.
Delmer Stewart, died at his home
in Cromwell, Saturday, from an at-
tack of influenza and pneumonia.
Burial of his remains took place at
Green River Sunday. Funeral services
were postponed to some future date.

PRISONERS AND GUNS TAKEN BY ALLIES

Since July 18 the allies have taken
325,000 prisoners and 3,600 guns.
Of these totals 247,000 men and 3-
100 guns have been taken on the west
front.

The British alone have taken
110,872 captives and 1,700 guns in
the West.

The French have taken 100,210
men and 900 guns.

The Americans have captured 36-
000 prisoners and 500 guns.

The Palestine and Macedonian
campaigns netted 60,000 (an uncon-
firmed report says 85,000) prisoners
and 465 guns.

In Siberia and Murmansk 18,000
captives were taken.

These losses can not be replaced by
the Central Powers. Germany is forced
to press her 1920 class into service
immediately. The other Central Allies
must do the same, provided they have
such classes left.

MUNSINGWEAR

A combination of quality, com-
fort and economy in underwear.
The best makers knit it, the best in-
formed people wear it, the best stores
sell it.

All customers
who have once tried
Munsingwear with
one accord say:
"Give me the Mun-
sing Union Suit ev-
ery time." They
use them for the lit-
tle tots, and all the
way up, including
grandpa.

We've got some nice warm
Winter Munsingwear all ready for
you to put on.

A perfect fit and the proper
style and weight for everyone.
Prices no greater than for the kind
that do not fit and wear well.

**GET INTO THE WAR
Buy Liberty Bonds**

Carson & Co.
HARTFORD, KENTUCKY.

BAD BEADS ODDLY STRUNG.

Louisville, Ky. Oct. 18, 1918.

Dear Tinsley:—In the midst of the
daily grind of newspaper work it is
a happy diversion to write a personal
letter to a friend who will pity one's
misfortunes and condole one's faults.
I am here in the great whirl of life,
and having, as Teddy would say a
bully time.

After work hours, and I cut 'em
short, I go in for a bumper time.
You see when Ed Barrass' lights go
out things are just getting ripe in
Louisville, just like it was done for
my special benefit. The churches and
shows were closed Monday, so my
wife can't take me to church and I
don't have to take her to the shows.
I had the scare of my life when they
began closing things; I was afraid
they would close the saloons to, but
they haven't so far. If they do you can
tell it by me coming home.

I feel kindly mean when I think of
you at the shop doing all the work,
and as dry as dust, and me up here
in clover up to my eyes.

To mend things for me the soldiers
are interned at the camp, and not a
khaki is on the streets. You see they
leave several thousand pretty girls,
accustomed to being entertained,
just hungry for entertainment. I
scared the children with the flu, to
keep them off the streets so they
won't tell their mam.

Say Tins, let Duke and Gustine run
the joint, and take the first train up.
The harvest is ripe and the laborers
few. I know you are a nine o'clock
man but I can make a midnighter of
you here the first night up. Remem-
ber what is going to happen next July,
and we must make hay while the
sun shines. I am going over to Frank-
fort Thursday night to spend a little
time in the gaudies of the State Cap-
ital. Wish you were here to hold
things down while I am away.

If they don't close the saloons I
won't come home until Saturday
afternoon. Try to tough it out till I
come.

Yours in clover,
THOMAS.

When you have Backache the liver
or kidneys are sure to be out of gear.
Try Sanol, it does wonders for the
liver, kidneys and bladder. A trial
50c bottle will convince you. Get it
at the drug store.

BROOM NOTICE.

I have purchased two Broom Ma-
chines and am prepared to make your
brooms. My prices are, for cleaned
stock, 35 cents per broom or one
half of the corn. Where broom corn

is not cleaned 2 cents extra, terms
strictly cash. I furnish every thing
but the corn and guarantee good
work. Bring your broom corn to my
house on the Litchfield road 4 miles
East of Hartford or take it to Robert
Schroader's, near Schroader's school
house, or if more convenient, leave it
with S. L. King, Hartford, Ky., and
I will call for it and return brooms
later. You must securely bundle and
tag your corn. Will pay 2 cents each
for good, old broom handles.

N. A. SCHROADER.
1412 Hartford, Ky. Route 2.

FARM LAND FOR SALE.

About six hundred acres
of No. 1 farming land, known
as the J. F. Collins farm on
the Hartford and Beaver
Dam pike. About 165 acres
in cultivation and balance
cut over land, well drained.
Will be sold in tracts to suit
purchaser. For further in-
formation and terms, see M.
H., or W. H. COLLINS, Hart-
ford, Ky.

EAST VIEW.

Mr. David Saddler and family moved
to Owensboro Monday, to make
their future home.

Mrs. Ophelia French recently spent
a few days with the family of Mr. Joe
Thomasson, of Hedlin.

Mr. J. B. French made a business
trip to Beaver Dam Thursday.

The remains of Private Shelby
Wells, who died at Camp Taylor, of
Spanish Flu, were buried at Bells
Run, Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Bill Smith and Mrs.
Ellen King attended the burial of
Emmit Nave at Owensboro, Thursday.

Messrs. Albert Stewart and L. D.
French were in Owensboro Wednes-
day.

School at this place has been closed
on account of influenza.

FIRST OF PROPHETS.

(Carlisle Cor. Philadelphia Record.)
The coming winter will be the coldest
in many years, according to the
goose bone prophets of Cumberland
County, who base their decision on
the condition of the famous indicator
bone and also on the abnormally heavy
corn husks and weed growth, both
of which are said to be signs of ex-
ceptionally cold weather.

Coats-Coat Suits

Every week something new is added to our Ready-to-Wear department, and this week we place on sale some entirely new models in Coats and Coat Suits.

These suits come in all of the new shades for fall, Burgandy, Plum, Taupe, African Brown, Navy and Black. The prices are not out of harmony with farm products, or other commercial commodities.



COAT SUITS
\$15 to \$35

COATS
\$10 to \$35

CHILDREN'S COATS

A beautiful line of Children's Coats, from 2 to 5 years, from \$2.00 to \$7.50.
Junior Coats, 6 to 12 years, from \$5.00 to \$12.50.
Intermediate Coats, 13 to 15 years, \$7.50 to \$18.00.

SEE US—SAVE WORRY!
BUY LIBERTY BONDS!

and remember that it pays to trade with a house that saves you money.

FAIR & CO.
THE FAIR DEALERS

The Hartford Republican

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 11

M., H. & E. R. R. TIME TABLE.
South Bound, No. 115—
Due at Hartford 9:05 a. m.
North Bound, No. 114—
Due at Hartford 6:45 p. m.
(Both "Mixed" Trains.)

Personal News and Social Events.

Mr. Otis Brown, of Centertown, called on us while in town Saturday.

Dr. W. L. Lawlace, of Narrows, was a Republican office visitor Saturday.

Shelley Elder Wells, of Philpot, died of influenza at Camp Taylor Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Peters, of Route 1, Beaver Dam, called at this office Monday.

Mr. E. G. Stewart, of Beaver Dam, Route 1, called on us while in town Saturday.

Quite a number from here attended the Liberty Loan Rally at McHenry, Sunday.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Letcher D. Bennett, of Smallhouse, October 5th.

Mrs. O. P. Brunton, of Beaver Dam, was a guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Duke Monday.

Mr. James Cox, of Alton, Ind., who is visiting relatives at Fordsville, was in town Tuesday.

Miss Erna Carter, of near this place, is attending a business school in Bowling Green.

Miss Norine Black returned from Russellville Wednesday, where she was in Logan College.

Miss Susan A. Douglass, accompanied by her father, of near Cromwell, were visitors here Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Riley visited Mrs. Riley's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Taylor, of Greenville, Sunday.

Look for Ellis Ice Company's notice on this page. 14-21

Editor, John H. Thomas is spending the week in Louisville. Mr. Thomas will likely return Sunday.

Oda Cooksey, of near Olaton, lost his dwelling and nearly all of the contents by fire one day last week.

A good five room house in Hartford, close to depot, for sale cheap. 1214 See J. B. TAPPAN.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Haynes, of Beaver Dam, Route 1, called on us while in town Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. D. O'Bannon, of Central City, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Duke Monday.

Just received—A car load of Fertilizer, "The famous Jones Brand." W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

Eastman Kodaks, films and supplies, at 1214 J. B. TAPPAN'S.

Ex Mayor, James H. Williams, attended a convention of the Churches of Christ, held in Richmond, last week.

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Duke visited Mrs. Dukes parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. W. Stewart, of Select, Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Smith Hoover, of Dyersburg, Tenn., visited relatives here and other places in the county this week.

Miss Gladys Bennett, arrived home Tuesday from Bowling Green, to remain until after the influenza epidemic is abated.

Prof. Warren Payton, principal of the Fordsville school and Mr. June Litsey of Fordsville, were here on business Tuesday.

Hoyt L. Taylor, employed by the Southern Railway Co., of Toccoa, Ga., visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Silo Taylor at Greenville.

Mr. and Mrs. O. R. Tinsley and family of the Washington neighborhood, spent the week-end with relatives in Pleasant Ridge.

Miss Verna Duke, who has been employed at Stithton, for some time, has accepted a position with the Duncan Coal Company, of Greenville.

Friends of Clarence Barnard, at this place have received notice of his arrival in France. Mr. Barnard is attached to Base Hospital Unit No. 8.

Misses Clara Robertson and Lourene Collins went to Stithton yesterday, presumably to accept employment as stenographers.

Mr. and Mrs. B. W. Stewart, of Select, and Mrs. J. W. O'Bannon, of Owenton, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Duke of this place Monday.

Eyes tested, glasses and frames carefully adjusted. You lose if you fail to get our prices first. J. B. TAPPAN. 1214 Jeweler and Optician.

Mrs. Rowan Holbrook, who is with her son, McHenry Holbrook and bride, in Canton, China, is expected to arrive home about the first of December.

Mr. C. R. Field, Claim Agent for the Southern Pacific R. R. Co., located at Lafayette, La., is spending the week with relatives and friends here.

Cora Mae, two-years-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Talmage Southard, died yesterday and was buried at the Chapman burying grounds, near Simmons.

The Fordsville Christian Church will have Service Flag Dedication services Sunday evening. Rev. Walter Greep, the pastor, will conduct the services.

Mrs. Jeff Wilson returned to her home in Pontoco, Tuesday, after spending about two months here with her parents, Rev. R. D. and Mrs. Bennett.

Mr. W. H. Coombs, of the Hartford Herald, has been appointed Director of Publicity for the United War Work drive which will be on in November.

Capt. W. E. Bennett, of Owensboro, who is well known in Ohio County, is at Stithton, where he is engaged in construction work on the cantonment, known as Camp Knox.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben H. Bennett, of Route 1, near town, are able to offer the Country another soldier. The little fellow made his arrival in the home of the Bennetts October 7th.

Mr. Jonnie Wilson, of near Horse Branch, lost a good horse one day last week. The horse was being used to drag some timbers across a small ditch, fell into the ditch and died immediately.

Relatives of Dr. Gordon Phipps (colored) have received news of his death at his home in Corsicana, Texas, on last Saturday. The remains are expected to arrive here for burial tomorrow.

A series of revival meetings will be held at the M. E. Church, Horse Branch, commencing Monday. The services will be conducted by the Revs. E. S. Moore of Beaver Dam and Dyers of Cloverport.

John A. Rucker, a colored soldier, and son of "Uncle" Tom Rucker, of Hayti, died at Camp Pike, Arkansas, a few days ago. The remains were received here yesterday evening and burial will take place today.

Pies, like everything else these war times, are selling rather high. At a pie supper at Noreek Friday night fourteen pies sold at auction for \$22.10. One pie brought \$4.45. The proceeds went for patriotic purposes.

Mrs. R. H. Gillespie, who had been visiting her sister, Mrs. Nettie Reid of Rockport for some time, returned home Tuesday. Mrs. Gillespie was accompanied home by her sister, Mrs. Inez Griffin of Houston, Texas.

Mr. Leonard Wallace of Rosine, will leave for Denver, Colo., Sunday. Mr. Wallace will join Mrs. Wallace who was called to the Colorado City on account of the death of her brother, which occurred some ten days ago.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Ellis left yesterday for Union City, Tenn. Mr. Ellis after spending a few days in Union City, will go to Mississippi on a prospecting tour and will likely remain in the latter State until spring.

Dewey Ward, a volunteer, who has been in Uncle Sam's service since the outbreak of the war, has been finally discharged on account of physical disability. Mr. Ward's trouble is due to a ruptured ear drum. He has returned to his home here.

Mr. J. W. O'Bannon of Owenton, came down Saturday via Automobile, for a short visit with Mrs. O'Bannon's father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. B. W. Stewart, of Select. Mrs. O'Bannon who had been visiting her parents for several weeks returned with Mr. O'Bannon to their home Tuesday.

Miss Mary Marks returned to her home here Wednesday, from Pontoco, Miss., to remain until the Flu epidemic subsides, when she will return to Mississippi, to resume her school work.

Mr. O. B. Cole, of Mt. Vernon, has resigned his position as teacher of the Concord school. Mr. Cole was recently ordained to the ministry of the Methodist Episcopal church, and will accept an assignment recently given him by Conference.

Mr. S. T. Leach, of Route 3, Beaver Dam, was in town Wednesday, and while here arranged to have the Republican go to his son, Corp. Everett C. Leach, now in France. Corp. Leach is a member of Co. B, First Pioneer Inf.

Judge and Mrs. R. R. Wedding, returned Wednesday from a months visit to relatives in Henderson, St. Louis, Mo., and Harrisburg, Ark. The Judge says they had only aimed to be gone about two weeks, but everywhere they went there was lots to eat and so they just stayed.

Fred A. Tanner, son of Mr. and Mrs. Tom Tanner, of near Heflin, who was a soldier in the U. S. Army, died in New York last Saturday from the effects of influenza. The remains arrived here late yesterday evening over the H. H. & E. Burial will likely take place today, though of that, we were not assured.

Mr. and Mrs. S. O. Keown are in receipt of a letter from their son, Lieut. Gilmore Keown announcing his arrival in France. Lieutenant Keown reports that the Hun "Sub" that sent the rear ship down, in the convoy, in which he sailed was destroyed, and that all men had been safely landed in France.

The remains of Pvt. Virgil Stone, who died in Camp Taylor Tuesday, of influenza, accompanied by an escort, arrived at Beaver Dam Wednesday night. Burial took place at Cool Springs, yesterday. The deceased soldier was a son of Mr. and Mrs. Lafa Stone, of near this place, and besides his parents and several brothers and sisters is survived by a young wife.

The War Industries Board has ordered us to cut off all subscribers who are more than three months in arrears. We hope they may all pay up and remain on our list, but we hope none will deceive himself by the delusion that if we cut him off the debt will be paid. The accounts of all those we may have to drop from the list will be placed with an attorney for collection.

Hartford, Ky. 10-7-18. Hartford Republican. Gentlemen:—Please discontinue my ad for the farm for sale. It has served its purpose. Truly, W. R. CARSON.

We run the above note received from Mr. Carson merely to substantiate our oft repeated contention namely, that it pays to advertise. (We do it however without Mr. Carson's knowledge or consent.) If you have something you wish to dispose of, and its worth having, let us tell the public about it in these columns.

Dan, the youngest son of Oscar Midkiff, deceased, who formerly resided here, has been visiting relatives near Dundee and Olaton during the week. Young Midkiff was in Hartford yesterday calling upon friends. Mr. Midkiff is one of the five children of his family, for the most part brought up and educated in the Kentucky Knights of Pythias Home. Two years ago Daniel was given employment by the Lexington Terminal and Traction Co., and since that time has been given eleven substantial increases in salary.

Mr. J. P. Southard, Route 1, Beaver Dam, was in town yesterday and ordered the Republican to his son, Shelly M. Southard, who is with Uncle Sam's forces in France. Young Southard, in a letter to his father states that on the whole, soldiering in France is much easier than in the camps back in the States. He also describes his experiences while in the front line trenches when the Boche were sending some of their big shells Uncle Sam's way. At one time he was literally buried alive by the caving in of the trench, caused by an enormous shell exploding upon the edge of same. Mr. Southard says he is with Carl Murray, of Taylor Mines, Elbert Hill, of Fordsville and Leonard Anderson, of Rockport and that he often sees a lot of Ohio county boys who are in "K" Company and all are doing fine.

ICE NOTICE!

We will discontinue forenoon deliveries after Saturday, October 5th. We will deliver every afternoon to all parties who have placed their orders with W. E. Ellis & Bro. before 3:30 p. m. We will make no deliveries less than 25 pounds. Will have no more Sunday deliveries. 14-21 ELLIS ICE CO.

Help the Boys "Over There"

Buy all the Liberty Bonds you possibly can and then throw that old worn-out cook stove or range away and make the good wife happy by giving her one of those dependable

PROGRESS STOVES OR RANGES

Good cooking stoves, ranges and heaters, like Government Bonds and W. S. Stamps, are investments with unquestionable value. The stoves are found at

ACTON BROS., : Hartford, Ky.

Notice to Tax Payers.

I, or one of my deputies will be at the following places on the following dates, for the purpose of collecting taxes:

ARNOLD Monday, October 14
BAIZETOWN Tuesday, October 15—A. M.
SELECT Tuesday, October 15—P. M.
CROMWELL Wednesday, October 16
PRENTISS Thursday, October 17
TAYLOR MINES Saturday, October 12
McHENRY Saturday, October 12
HORSE BRANCH Tuesday, October 15
NARROWS Wednesday, October 16
SULPHUR SPRINGS Thursday, October 17
OLATON Monday, October 21
WYSOX Monday, October 21
ROCKPORT Tuesday, October 22
BEAVER DAM Saturday, October 26
SIMMONS Saturday, October 26
RENDER Wednesday, October 30

S. A. BRATCHER, S. O. C.

CENTERTOWN.

Mrs. Charley Roark was called to Louisville Tuesday to the bedside of her daughter Mrs. Eddie Roark who was thought to be dying.

Miss Stella May Bosket, of Madisonville is visiting relatives here.

Ellis Bishop, who is stationed at the Great Lakes in Naval camp is here on a furlough.

Mrs. L. W. Tichenor returned home from Mantanzas where she has been the guest of relatives for several days.

Mr. J. F. Hill who has been on the sick list for several days is better.

Rev. J. B. Rayburn, the pastor of the M. E. Church here for two years has been assigned to the Sacramento work, to which place he goes with his family this week. We regret to give up Bro. Rayburn and his family. Their many friends here extend them their best wishes.

Messrs. Oscar and Chester Bishop of Winchester, Ky., are visiting their father J. M. Bishop, here.

Mrs. Alva Bean returned Tuesday from Louisville.

W. F. James and family left last Tuesday for Colorado where they will make their future home.

S. M. James and family have moved from this place to a farm near Mantanzas.

Francis Heflin has moved with his family to town, to make their home.

Misses Bertie May Stevens, Eula Reener and sister Annie who had been in Louisville for a few weeks have returned home.

The people here have escaped the Flu so far.

NOTICE.

Pursuant to resolutions adopted by the Ohio County medical society. I will expect immediate settlement for all professional services from this date, unless in charity cases, and that condition having been made known at time of call. Too much time has been lost trying to collect accounts heretofore made. So parties owing me will save us both trouble by prompt settlement now. EDWARD W. FORD, M. D. Hartford, Ky., Oct. 1, 1918.

LAKE DIVISION RED CROSS TO MAKE NURSE SURVEY

Instructions and materials for conducting a survey of the nursing resources of Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky have been forwarded to all

Red Cross chapters in these three states by Mrs. Alfred Brewster of Cleveland, whose appointment as director of the nursing survey in the Lake Division has just been announced by Division Manager B. F. Bourne.

The survey in the Lake Division states is a part of a nation-wide undertaking on the part of the Red Cross to list the country's nursing personnel, a step made imperative by the greatly increased military program of the Government.

The request for the survey comes from the Surgeon General of the Army with the approval of the Secretary of War. Its importance is indicated by the fact that approximately 60 per cent of the 25,000 nurses requested in 1918 by the Surgeon General have been supplied and by the determination of the Government and Red Cross that the health of the civilian population not be allowed to suffer unduly by the enrolling so large a number of eligible nurses for military duty.

Seven classes of nursing personnel are to be listed by a house-to-house canvass if necessary, by chapter committees in charge of the survey. These classes are:

1. Graduate nurses both registered and non-registered.
2. Pupil nurses now receiving training in hospital training schools.
3. Undergraduate nurses who have had at least six months' training, but who have not completed their courses as graduate nurses.
4. Trained attendants who have been graduated from institutions giving trained attendants' courses.
5. Practical nurses who have in various ways equipped themselves for nursing service.
6. Midwives.
7. Women who have taken Red Cross courses.

Local chapter committees in charge of the survey are to be comprised of chapter chairmen, representatives of local nursing committees, Red Cross nurses, physicians, hospital officers, members of the Board of Health, representatives of organized charities and Chambers of Commerce, and druggists.

Registration stations are to be opened not only in chapter cities and towns, but in every branch and auxiliary town and village.

THREE MEATLESS DAYS.

A third meatless day per week has been introduced in Vienna.

FANCIED GRIEVANCE CAUSE LABOR LOSS OF MILLION MEN

FEDERAL EMPLOYMENT HEAT
URGES WORKERS TO TAKE
PERSONAL VIEW OF SIT-
UATION.

SHOULD AVOID SHIFTING JOBS

Permanency of Employment Would
Add to Success of Fourth
Liberty Loan.

At least 1,000,000 workers through out the United States change employment at least once a week because of petty personal prejudices, according to J. N. Breen, assistant director of United States Employment Service of the State of Missouri. The effort of the employment bureau, in order to conserve the labor supply throughout the country, will be to persuade the laborers to forego any prejudice and remain at their work.

"Every week not less than 1,000,000 workers fail to show up for work because of a grudge against somebody or something," said Breen, discussing the labor situation. "When the workers can be impressed with the fact that their remaining at work, and not leaving because of imagined dislike or injustice, it means that 1,000,000 positive labor forces will be added to labor to take the place of the same number that are now inefficient and only partly useful."

"Concentration of the energies of these will more than double the capacity of the same workers. There are at least that number who do not realize that their concerted efforts will be a large contributing factor to a successful conclusion of the war."

Assistant Director Breen also called attention to the fact that hundreds of thousands of men take needless days off. By a hard driving force, he declares that it will be of great assistance to all branches of industry.

The officials and labor leaders point out that the times are unusual, and demand that each worker must make unusual responses to the government necessity.

Where a worker quits because of some fancied grievance, he is unemployed for some days, when he could just as well have been at work.

Where he is dissatisfied with fancied conditions, the employee also does not work as efficiently as where he makes himself satisfied with conditions.

There is no doubt in the minds of labor officials that the vast majority of workers already have speeded up to the maximum, and they, consequently, are exempting these from their calculations.

The speeding up of the individual worker means just that much more capital that can be invested in the Fourth Liberty Loan Bonds, which will be placed on the market September 28. By just that much saved to day when there is plenty to do means that it will be just that much easier as the individual workers grows older and is less able to work.

HOLD TO LIBERTY BONDS

When Anyone Seeks to Buy Them,
Proposition Should Be In-
vestigated.

The effort to separate Liberty Bond holders not familiar with stock and bond values from their Liberty Bonds has taken a new turn. The manipulators, instead of offering to buy the bonds at inadequate prices, offer in exchange for them the stocks and bonds of various wildcat corporations, whose face value is large, but whose actual value is little or nothing.

The safest investment in the world is a Liberty Bond. For a patriotic American, Liberty Bonds are the best investment in the world. It is not only a wise thing to hold them; it is a patriotic thing to do. The soldier that takes a trench and then voluntarily gives it up is not to be compared with one who takes a trench and holds it against the enemy.

And American who buys a Liberty Bond and then sells it is not so good an American as one who buys a bond and holds it. This does not apply, however, to one who sells his bond because of real necessity; here is legitimate trading in Liberty Bonds which the treasury recognizes.

BUY A BOND

By H. V. Neal, Everett, Mass.
Hark, a voice to you appealing,
Men of Freedom, Thought and Feeling,
Innocents implore you kneeling,
"Buy a Bond."

Hosts of Hell are Right defying,
Sparing not the sick or dying;
Broken hearts to you are crying,
"Buy a Bond."

For our boys who, in the fight,
Stand for U. S. God and Right,
Keep their home fires burning bright,
Buy a Bond.

In the name of Liberty,
Strike the blow to make men Free,
Help to win the Victory,
Buy a Bond.

FATE OF OUR WORKERS IS GREATEST STAKE IN BATTLE FOR HUMANITY

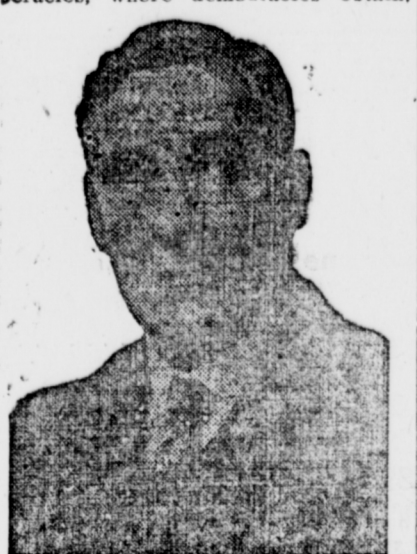
Buy Liberty Bonds to the Limit, Is
Plea of President Farrington,
of Miners' Union

By FRANK FARRINGTON.

Every working man and working woman in America should buy Liberty Bonds to the limit of their ability to do so. They should buy until it hurts, and after it begins to hurt they should keep on buying until their purchase becomes a personal sacrifice for the reason that upon the outcome of the war raging depends the future fate of the workers of America.

Forced to enter a conflict that could no longer be avoided with safety to the liberties of the people of America and the democracies of the world, our country is now involved in the most appalling tragedy that has overtaken mankind since the beginning of time. The issue involved is:

Shall Democracy or Autocracy rule the world? Shall the peoples of democracies, where democracies obtain,



FRANK FARRINGTON.

continue their democratic form of government and preserve unto themselves their hard-earned liberties with opportunity to improve them and thus contribute to the betterment of all mankind, or shall the attainments of centuries-old struggles for freedom and liberty be blasted into oblivion by a ruthless military caste and all the people of the world be menaced and ruled by the tyranny of a triumphant military despotism? That is the great underlying principle to be determined and the one that has caused millions of men to be gripped in a death struggle, the enormity and hell-fury violence of which is unprecedented in the world's history and beyond the power of human mind to fully comprehend. On one side are arrayed the legions of a military caste, driven to battle by the mailed fist of Autocracy. On the other side are the forces of Democracy heroically answering the challenge to do battle in defense of liberty, justice and humanity. Into this crucible of horror America has cast her lot with the forces of Democracy and summoned her sons to help throw off the yoke of threatened Autocracy so that the peoples of all the nations of the world shall be free to follow the tenor of their own design.

Our Solemn Obligation.

The momentous decision of our Government to throw the nation's resources into this mighty conflict and to give of her sons, and of her wealth, to the cause of humanity, imposes upon every American and upon every man who has partaken of America's bounty the solemn obligation of loyalty in doing their part to win victory for the cause America represents, no matter whether they be found as soldiers in the battle lines or as workers in industrial pursuits.

The full significance of this awful cataclysm that has overtaken the world and our relation thereto is, as yet by us, scarcely realized, though thousands of our countrymen are now in the battle lines and myriads more are preparing to follow. These, our countrymen, the select of America, scholars, college men, professionals of all the arts and trades, and sciences, sons of the rich and sons of the poor, men who love life as well as we but who prefer liberty to life without liberty, have made common cause and entered the lists in answer to the nation's needs. These men, every one a hero, with the courage of Spartans and the souls of martyrs, go to the battle grounds to face every death-dealing device human brain can devise for the destruction of man and offer their lives in defense of democracy and the freedom of the peoples of the world, and they will do this with the full knowledge that millions of their kind have already been ruined physically and mentally and left to suffer a living death, while other millions have blasted into bits and their shreds trampled into the muck and mire of this thundering inferno of death and destruction. Upon these who stay at home will devolve the obligation of making it possible for those at the front to have a fighting chance.

Workers Behind the Line.

Upon our workers of America devolves a tremendous obligation; that is the obligation of aiding and sustaining our countrymen under arms while

Farrington's Big Union

Frank Farrington, author of the accompanying article, is President of the Illinois District of the United Mine Workers of America, and one of the best known labor leaders in this country. His district union has a membership of close to one hundred thousand miners who produce eighty million tons of coal annually. The total coal production in the United States is about 400,000,000 tons.

they fight to establish the supreme principle that mankind shall be free and that liberty and justice shall be triumphant throughout the world.

If Autocracy should win in this titanic struggle for human rights, all our accomplishments of the past would be swept away and tyranny and oppression would be rampant throughout the world. Should that come true, no class would suffer as much as the men and women of labor, and it will come true if we fail to support our Government in the present crisis.

A government can be no stronger than the people living under it make it, and if we fail to respond to our Government's appeal for help our war policy must collapse and our countrymen "over there" must fail, and in that event it is inevitable that the forces of autocracy shall be triumphant over the forces of democracy. Thus it is that every working man and working woman in America should buy Liberty Bonds.

Money invested in Liberty Bonds is as safe as our Government itself. The Illinois district of the United Mine Workers of America has purchased \$500,000 worth of the first, second and third issues of bonds out of district funds and we propose to buy \$500,000 worth of the fourth issue. Our various local unions have made purchases aggregating millions and I am certain they will buy bountifully of the fourth issue. The rate of interest paid on such investment is fair. However, the paramount reason why we should buy Liberty Bonds is because the fate of the world is in the balance, the freedom and happiness of humanity is at stake, and the sale of Liberty Bonds is one of the mediums through which our Government must raise the money to feed and equip and to care for our sons and brothers, our relatives and associates, our countrymen—"the boys over there"—while they fight to crush autocracy and to implant in its stead liberty and justice for all the peoples of all the nations of the world.

Liberty Medals

In the ranks when a soldier performs some heroic act he is awarded a medal. In the civilian army when some person buys Liberty Bonds, joins the Red Cross or the Y. M. C. A., he or she is given a badge.

It is an honor for a person to wear one of these badges, just as it is for the soldier to wear his. The average American citizen can and should wear three of these badges—the Liberty Loan, the Red Cross and the Y. M. C. A.

They show that the wearer is far-sighted enough to see that if we are to do our part in helping to relieve the Hun-infested lands of Europe, and make the menace of the spiked helmet a thing of the past, we must have soldiers, and that soldiers alone cannot accomplish this.

Uncle Sam needs the money obtained through the purchase of Liberty Bonds to make ammunition, feed, clothe and to furnish other essential things needed in the maintaining of an army.

We must have the Red Cross to look after the families of the soldiers, furnish bandages, nurses and other things to make army life comfortable.

The Y. M. C. A. to keep up the morale of the men, the "Y" huts, where the men are furnished hot drinks, cigarettes, writing materials and literature.

After the war is over and our boys have returned home to us, bringing with them medals showing that they performed some commendable deed, will YOU have your three, to show the boys that you are backing them all the while?—Siloam Springs (Ark.) Daily Register.

A Colored Man's Example.

It was a wise and patriotic old colored American who refused to sell his \$100 Liberty Bond for \$96, because he would not give up the United States' promise (his bond) to pay him \$100 with interest for the United States' promise (currency) to pay him \$96, and who returned to sell the same bond for \$102, because, he said, that the \$102 must be counterfeited or else the would-be purchaser would not be willing to give it for only \$100. It is safe to say that there are no gold bricks or wildcat securities among that American's assets.

ORDERS—OHIO COUNTY FISCAL COURT, SEPTEMBER 5, 1918.
Hon. Mack Cook, J. O. C. C. presiding.

On motion of Esq. Shown, it is ordered that the question of voting a tax of the sum of twenty (20) cents on the One Hundred (\$100.00) dollars worth of all property subject by law to local taxation, under Section 157a of the Constitution, for the improvement and construction of public roads and bridges of the county be submitted to the voters of Ohio County. Said tax to be levied each year for five consecutive years immediately following said election. The taxes to be collected and accounted for by the Sheriff, at the same time and in the same manner and by the same process that he collects other taxes, and an election is hereby ordered to be held throughout Ohio County, in all the voting precincts therein, on the 5th., day of November, 1918, upon the proposition of whether or not a property tax of twenty (20) cents on each One Hundred (100) Dollars worth of property in Ohio County shall be levied for five (5) consecutive years, next immediately following said election for the purpose of improving and constructing, either or both, the roads and bridges of the county.

Said election to be advertised, held and conducted in the manner according to the several provisions and requirements of the laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, now in force governing such elections and under the general election laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, where same relate and apply to elections held to determine the above question; and no amount of money in excess of the amount that can be raised by the levy in any one year, shall be expended in that year.

S. A. Bratcher, Sheriff of Ohio County, Ky. is hereby appointed, ordered and directed to advertise the time and purpose of the election and the amount of taxes to be levied each year and the number of years for which it is to be levied and collected in the newspaper published in Ohio County, having the largest circulation for thirty (30) days before the said election and he, the said sheriff, will cause a poll to be opened in each and all the precincts in and through out Ohio County, on the above named date, as the law in such cases directs and he may advertise said election by having a certified copy of this order published, as above directed, and W. C. Blankenship, Clerk of the Ohio County Court, is ordered and directed to furnish said Sheriff with a certified copy of this order, as it appears upon the Order Book, in time for said publication.

The said Sheriff and County Clerk are further ordered and directed to do and perform each and every thing required under the laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, in advertising and conducting such election and in the preservation of the ballots and the canvassing and certification of the votes and said election is directed to be held in all respects as required by law governing such elections.

It is further ordered that it is the sense of this court, in the event said election results in favor of the levy and collection of such tax, as aforesaid, the money thereby derived shall be so used and apportioned as that in each Magisterial District of the county. There shall be used the sum derived as aforesaid, in such district, for improving and constructing, either or both, the roads and bridges herein from said tax, though this shall not in any way restrict or impair the expenditure of other lawful funds in each respective Magisterial District, for said purposes, just as funds are now and have heretofore been used, so far as such funds may be necessary and available, and in the manner provided by law, and that a more adequate and effective method of working the roads be put in operation than is now in effect. Ayes and Nays being called resulted in all the Justices present voting in the affirmative, thereupon the motion was declared carried and so ordered.

MACK COOK, J. O. C. C.
State of Kentucky, Set.
County of Ohio.

I, W. C. Blankenship, Clerk of the Ohio County Fiscal Court, do certify that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of the order as appears on Order Book number 3, page 573.

Given under my hand, this the 30th day of September, 1918.
W. C. BLANKENSHIP,
Clerk Ohio County Court.

Pursuant to the foregoing order, and by virtue of the power invested in me as Sheriff of Ohio County, Kentucky, I hereby cause the aforesaid order to be published as required by law, and further direct and shall cause the various officers whose duty it is, to open a poll in each of the voting places within the County of Ohio on Tuesday, November the 5th., 1918, to take the sense of the qualified voters upon the question as set out in the above and foregoing mentioned order.

Witness my hand, this the 30th day of September, A. D., 1918.
S. A. BRATCHER,
Sheriff, Ohio County.

DIRECTORY.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Judge—R. W. Slack, Owensboro.
Com'th. Attorney—C. E. Smith, Hartford.
Clerk—A. C. Porter, Hartford.
Master Commissioner—Otto C. Martin, Hartford.
Trustee Jury Fund—Cal P. Keown, Hartford.
1st Monday in March—12 days—Com'th. and Civil.
1st Monday in May—12 days—Civil.
1st Monday in July—12 days—Com'th. and Civil.
3d Monday in September—12 days—Civil.
4th Monday in November—12 days—Com'th. and Civil.

COUNTY COURT.

Meets first Monday in each month.
Judge—Mack Cook.
County Att'y.—A. D. Kirk.
Clerk—W. C. Blankenship.
Sheriff—S. A. Bratcher.
Superintendent—E. S. Howard.
Jailer—Worth Tichenor.
Tax Commissioner—D. E. Ward.
Surveyor—C. S. Moxley.
Coroner—Dr. A. B. Riley.

FISCAL COURT.

Meets Tuesday after first Monday in January, April and October.
1st District—Ed Shown, Hartford, Route 3.
2nd District—Sam L. Stevens, Beaver Dam.
3rd District—Q. B. Brown, Simmons.
4th District—G. W. Rowe, Centertown.
5th District—W. C. Daugherty, Baize-town.
6th District—W. S. Dean, Dundee.
7th District—B. F. Rice, Fordsville.
8th District—B. C. Rhoades, Hartford, Route 5.

HARTFORD.

Mayor—J. E. Bean.
Clerk—J. A. Howard.
Police Judge—C. M. Crowe.
Marshal—E. P. Casebier.

We Knock the Spots Out of Things
Ladies' and Men's
Garments

French Dry Cleaned and Pressed in
Superior Manner.

Send us your Garments and We
Clean Them

CLEANED CLEAN
Packages called for and delivered
THE ELTE PRESSING CLUB
A. Iva Nall, Prop.
HARTFORD, KENTUCKY.

GOOD
POSITION
Secured or Your Money Back
If you take the Draughton Training, the training that business men desire. You can take it at college or by mail. Write to-day DRAUGHTON'S PRACTICAL BUSINESS COLLEGE Paducah, Ky.

DR. J. H. THORPE
EYE, EAR, THROAT, NOSE
And Fitting of Glasses
Masonic Temple
OWENSBORO, KY.

USE LIV-VER-LAX
For Lazy Liver and
the Troubles of
Constipation.

Feel right all the time. Don't lay off from work for days by taking calomel when pleasant Liv-Ver-Lax keeps you on your feet, while relieving your trouble. Safer too, and easy to take. Don't take anything else. You can't afford it. Eliminates poisons, cleanses system and relieves constipation. A natural remedy, natural in its actions, sure in its effect and certain in results. It won't be long before Liv-Ver-Lax will completely displace calomel in every home. Children can take it freely and with perfect safety. Every bottle guaranteed. 50c and \$1 in bottles. None genuine without the likeness and signature of L. K. Grigsby. For sale by

L. H. WILLIAMS, - Hartford, Mo.

Electric
Bitters
Succeeds when everything else fails. In nervous prostration and female weakness they are the supreme remedy, as thousands have testified. FOR KIDNEY, LIVER AND STOMACH TROUBLE. It is the best medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter.

Every Woman Wants
Paxtine
ANTISEPTIC POWDER
FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE
Dissolved in water for douches stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years. A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. Has extraordinary cleansing and antiseptic power. Sample Free. 50c all druggists, or sent by mail. The Paxtine Toilet Company, Boston, Mass.

ROCKPORT.

Ch'm'n. Board—James Wilson.
Clerk—Rushing Hunt.
Police Judge—John T. Jackson.
Marshal—Will Langford.

BEAVER DAM.

Ch'm'n. Board—W. T. McKenney.
Clerk—R. W. King.
Police Judge—J. W. Cooper.
Marshal—R. F. Stevens.

FORDSVILLE.

Ch'm'n. Board—W. R. Jones.
Clerk—Olla Cobb.
Police Judge—C. P. Kessinger.
Marshal—Grant Pollard.

OFFICIAL SCHOOL CALENDAR. County Board of Education.

E. S. Howard, S. S. O. C.
Div. No. 1—J. M. Hoover, Hartford, Ky.
Div. No. 2—O. W. Duff, Fordsville, Ky.
Div. No. 3—H. L. Carter, Narrows, Ky.
Div. No. 4—Robert Goff, Rosine, Ky.
Div. No. 5—Otis H. Stevens, Beaver Dam, Ky.
Div. No. 6—Nat Lindley, Centertown, Ky.

Time of Meeting—1st Monday in February; 1st Monday in April; 1st Monday in June; 1st Monday in August; 1st Monday in October; 1st Monday in December.

County Board of Examiners—E. S. Howard, Mrs. I. S. Mason, Mrs. O. W. Duff.

Jan. 25 and 26—Common School Diploma Examination.
May 10 and 11—Common School Diploma Examination.

May 17 and 18—County Teachers' Examination (white).
May 24 and 25—County Teachers' Examination (colored).

June 22 and 23—County and State Teachers' Examination (white).
June 28 and 29—County and State Teachers' Examination (colored).
Sept. 20 and 21—County and State Teachers' Examination (white).
Sept. 27 and 28—County and State

WILL YOU
TAKE OUR
GERMINAL
REMEDY

A Treatment
FOR WEAK
LUNGS or
CONSUMPTION

FOR ONE MONTH
A quick relief for that tired, run-down feeling, coughs, pains in chest, night sweats, hemorrhages, weak lungs or consumption. If it does not help you it costs you nothing.
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COLUMBUS, O.
OHIO MEDICAL CO.

LEXINGTON, KY., BUSINESS UNIVERSITY
[Inc. and Successor to Wilbur R. Smith Business College]
Business, Short Hand, Type Writing and Telegraphy

THE
SEWING
MACHINE
OF
QUALITY.

NEW
HOME

NOT
SOLD
UNDER
ANY
OTHER
NAME.

WARRANTED FOR ALL TIME.
If you purchase the NEW HOME you will have a life asset at the price you pay, and will not have an endless chain of repairs.

Quality
Considered
it is the
Cheapest
in the end
to buy.
If you want a sewing machine, write for our latest catalogue before you purchase.
The New Home Sewing Machine Co., Orange, Mass.

Every Woman Wants
Paxtine
ANTISEPTIC POWDER
FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE
Dissolved in water for douches stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years. A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. Has extraordinary cleansing and antiseptic power. Sample Free. 50c all druggists, or sent by mail. The Paxtine Toilet Company, Boston, Mass.

Farm Department

AINING DROUGHT- STRICKEN STOCKMEN

To assist cattle raisers in the South-west, where drought has caused a great scarcity of feed, from suffering financial loss and to prevent hundreds of thousands of beef-breeding cattle from being slaughtered and removed from the country's sources of meat, field agents of the United States Department of Agriculture in co-operation with local and state authorities, especially the Texas cattle-raiser's associations, are transferring cattle to the Southeast and Corn Belt States, where feed is plentiful. Up to the middle of September 79 carloads of cattle had been shipped to the Southeast. Arrangements have been made so that cattle may be shipped from the drought-stricken area at a reduction of 25 per cent from the regular freight rate. For the information convenience of those wishing to buy cattle the department representatives are issuing a weekly market report showing the receipts, age, weight, condition, and price, also giving a list of breeders who have pure-bred cattle for sale. This movement of cattle is supplying the increasing demand for stock in the Southeastern States and is expected to be an important factor in building up the beef-cattle industry in that section. The field agents are making a special effort to have all available roughages properly safeguarded to be utilized for feeding purposes during the coming year.

Sheep Clubs In The South.

Four sheep specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture are co-operating with colleges in the Southern states in organizing sheep clubs. This year 1,263 boys were enrolled in sheep clubs in 7 Southern States, and in other parts of the South the sheep industry has made substantial progress. According to the August report of the Bureau of Crop Estimates, the percentage of sheep in the 15 Southern States on August 1, 1918, as compared with the same date in 1917 was 118.4, while that of the entire United States was 116.5.

TOBACCO GROWING IS ENCOURAGED IN ITALY.

One of the principal crops in Italy is tobacco. The area planted in Italy in this product averages about 18,000 acres per year, according to United States Commerce Reports. Most of the plants are of the Kentucky Burley variety, although in Southern Italy seed from the Balkans is used. The sale of tobacco in Italy is a government monopoly, and Italian tobacco growers have always suffered from the rigid regulations which governed its cultivation. By a recent decree the government has adopted a policy intended to encourage tobacco growing. Premiums to growers are provided until 1926, a certain subsidy per acre is to be given for additional acreage, and part of the cost of new buildings to cure and house the crop is to be guaranteed. The soil of Italy is well adapted to tobacco cultivation, and this change in government policy should have a favorable result, from the Italian point of view, in decreasing imports of tobacco in leaf form from foreign countries. The United States for many years has furnished large

quantities of cheap leaf to Italy.—
Western Tobacco Journal.

WHERE WE GET OUR FOOD NAMES.

A dumpling is a good old English dish and comes from the word dump, that meant to throw down suddenly and the diminutive ending ling. The idea was a little cake that was made by throwing raw rough dough into boiling water.

From Portugal do we get our word marmalade, which was originally a sweet preserve made from quinces and takes its name from marcelo, the Portuguese name for that fruit.

Pone is a word of Indian derivation, and an early English historian of Virginia took pains to explain that it was not from the Latin panis, meaning bread, but from the red Indian word oppone, and it was early applied in the South to any bread made of Indian corn.

Pudding in its early form was made of minced meat of some sort, well seasoned and stuffed into an intestine, and then cooked by boiling. There are words in many early languages meaning pudding, but it seems originally to have come from some word meaning a short body or inflated skin.

Nobody knows what muffin came from, but it was probably derived from the word muf, and we can imagine that it might have been due to some similarity between the warm cake and the hand covering.

Fritter is from an old French word meaning to fry or a dish of fried fish, which comes directly from the Latin frictus, the past participle of the verb fricare.

Waffle comes from wafer and wafer comes from the German word wabe, honeycomb or a cake of wax. Originally wafers seem to have been hot cakes like modern waffles. The association of the word wafer with extreme thinness is of modern origin.

Sandwich takes its name from John Montagu, fourth Earl of Sandwich, in 1792 who used to have slices of bread with ham between served to him while he was at the gaming table so that he need not stop playing. To go farther back, he derived his title from Sandwich, a town in Kent, England, the name of which was made up of the Anglo-Saxon word sand and "wic," meaning town—sandy town.

Fricassee has usually been derived from the Latin word frigere, to fry, though the French frier, but it is thought more probable now that it is derived from the French fricasser, meaning to break into pieces, or the Latin fricare, to rub. In French the word is used to indicate any meat fried in a pan, but the English meaning is a dish made from cutting chickens, rabbits and other small animals into pieces and cooking them in a frying or other pan with a gravy.

Mushrooms get their name from the same source as moss.

Molasses comes through many

mediums from the Latin mellaceus, meaning honey-like, which is derived from mel, honey.

Custard was a corruption of a middle-English word meaning a pie or tart, and was allied to the modern French word croustade, of the same meaning. All these words came from the Latin crusta, meaning a crust.

Salad literally means salted and is a direct descendant of the Latin word sal, or salt. The use of salad to mean the greens from which or on which a salad mixture is placed is one of only recent origin. The Italian insalata and the Spanish salada, meaning salad in those languages, actually mean salted.

Tomato is a word of Mexican derivation from tomate, the native name in that country for the vegetable.

TAFKY.

Farmers are about done cutting tobacco and are now busy sowing wheat and making molasses.

F. Taylor and little daughter, Mona, who have been sick for several days are improving.

A number of people from here attended the Fair at Owensboro Saturday, and the Singing Convention at Mt. Herman, Sunday.

Mr. Clarence Patton made a business trip to Pleasant Ridge Monday. Mrs. J. T. Funk will have a sale soon, and dispose of quite a number of stock and farming implements.

Mrs. Bessie Kirk went to Hartford Wednesday to have some dental work done.

Rev. R. E. Fuqua and wife, Mr. James Kirk and wife and baby attended church at Green Briar Sunday.

Mr. Lonnie Wade and family visited relatives near Adaburg Sunday and Monday.

Mrs. Pruda Sowers is the proud mother of a baby girl. Her husband Herbert Sowers, is somewhere in France.

When the chest feels on fire and the throat burns, you have indigestion, and you need HERBINE to get rid of the disagreeable feeling. It drives out badly digested food, strengthens the stomach and purifies the bowels. Price 60c. Sold by Ohio Drug Co.

SOME LIBERTY LOAN SLOGANS

Wear your old clothes and buy Liberty bonds.

Liberty bonds or German bondage. "Come across" or the Kaiser will. The soldier gives you must lend. Liberty bonds or German taxes. Buy over here to win over there. It's billions for defense or billions for indemnity.

For Foch and freedom; buy bonds. A bond slacker is the Kaiser's backer.

A man who won't lend is the Kaiser's friend.

The more bonds you buy the fewer boys will die.

Let all get on the bond wagon. Be one of the millions to lend the billions.

Dig up the coin and bury the Hun. Buy bonds before it's verboten. Idle hours are pro-German.

Put the "pay" into patriotism. Bonds speak louder than words. If you can't fight, your money can.

Freemen buy bonds; slaves wear them.

ITALIAN CLOUD SCOUT PLANES ACROSS ALPS

Paris, Sept. 27.—Gabriell d'Annunzio, the Italian author-aviator landed in France yesterday from an airplane in which he had flown from Italy across the Alps. His flight was over a distance of 290 miles.

Captain d'Annunzio left Turin at 9 o'clock yesterday morning and arrived at Chalons, behind the French front about noon. He made the passage of the Alps quickly, although the conditions among the mountain air currents were unfavorable. He used the same machine which he had flown over Vienna, last August, and the same pilot, Captain Palli, guided the machine.

Captain d'Annunzio after landing at Chalons, joined General Albrici, commanding the Italians on the French front, and was warmly received by his compatriots.

LUDEENDORFF'S FAMILY TOMB.

Amsterdam, Oct. 5.—General Ludendorff left the battlefield recently long enough to return to Berlin to inaugurate a family tomb in a Berlin cemetery. The tomb, which has been erected to commemorate the general's two sons, shot down as aviators, and includes provision for himself, consists of plain stone with the name of Ludendorff and the family's motto, "Fearless and Faithful." The monument is surmounted with a German spike helmet.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

SCHOOLS, CHURCHES AND THEATERS CLOSE

Order Of State Board Of Health Calls Off All Gatherings.

Upon urgent official advice from the Surgeon General of the United States Public Health Service, who is acting in full co-operation with the Surgeon General of the Army and the National Council of Defense, and based upon such a rapid spread of influenza as to endanger the health and lives of the civil population over the entire country, as well as all military operations and the industrial activities equally essential to the success of the war, and in virtue of authority vested in it by law the State Board of Health of Kentucky hereby issues its proclamation closing all places of amusement, schools, churches and other places of assembly and advises against and discourages all unnecessary travel and social visiting in this commonwealth until the epidemic is over.

Signed,

DR. JOHN G. SOUTH,

President.

DR. J. N. McCORMACK,

Secretary.

Bowling Green, Ky., Oct. 6, 1918.

A Beautiful Woman.

Do you know that a beautiful woman always has a good digestion? If your digestion is faulty, eat lightly of meats, and take an occasional dose of Chamberlain's Tablets to strengthen your digestion. Price 25c.

DESTROYER AND SUB SINK TWO HUN U-BOATS

London, Sept.—The destruction of two submarines by British naval craft is thus described.

The Captain of a destroyer saw a German U-boat attack a merchant steamer two miles off. The destroyer went to the assistance of the steamer and the submarine dived.

"When I judged that we were directly over her, I let go a depth charge with a buoy to mark the spot," said the Captain. "Within fifteen seconds of the explosion the submarine came to the surface with a slight list to starboard. Immediately the conning tower showed above the water all our starboard guns opened fire and the conning tower was riddled."

A British submarine accounted for the other German U-boat.

"I fired both bow torpedoes almost simultaneously," said the Captain of the British submarine, "and about half a minute later there was a terrific explosion, a big flame and a fountain of water a hundred feet high. The German submarine totally disappeared. There was a lot of oil about and the smell of paraffine, but no sign of any part of the boat. I heard shouting in the water and picked up one man."

We buy old FALSE TEETH

We pay from \$2.00 to \$35.00 per set (broken or not). We also pay actual value for Diamonds, old Gold, Silver and Bridge-work. Send at once by parcel post and receive cash by return mail. MAZER'S TOOTH SPECIALTY, Dept. X, 2007 So. 5th St., Philadelphia, Pa. 1112

YANKS LAY 33 RAILS PER MINUTE IN FRANCE

Paris, Sept. 28.—Sledge hammers or guns—American soldiers are superhuman with either.

Another railroad in France has just been completed by a company of railway engineers with this new track-laying record: 2.69 miles of narrow gauge railway laid in seven hours and three minutes.

The company set out to finish that last stretch by supper time, for it meant the linking up of two important French towns with a railroad upon which a regiment had been working for several weeks.

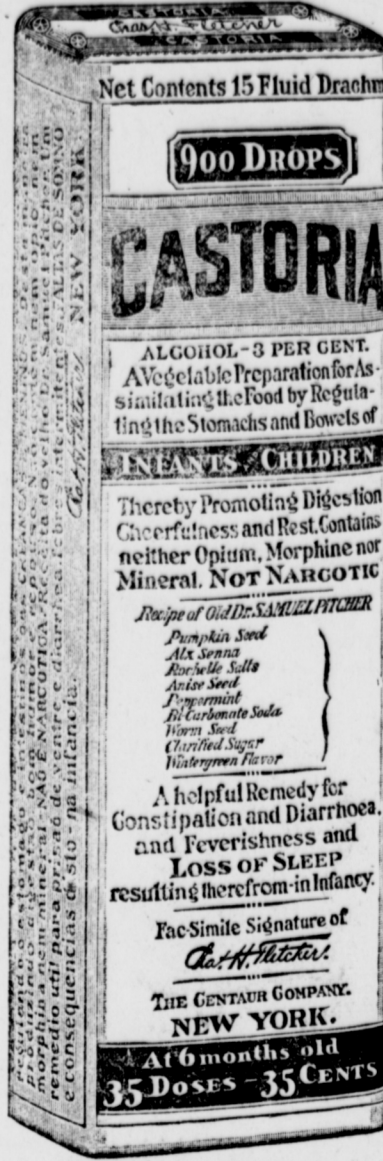
Instead the work was finished at 1:33 p. m. A total of 14,203 feet of ties and track were laid in 423 minutes—an average of more than 33 feet per minute and more than a third of a mile an hour.

An idea of the magnitude of the task and the amount of labor involved can be gained by this summary of material used.

Approximately 105 tons of steel rails, 7,109 ties, 1,830 pairs of fishplates, 8 kegs of bolts and 37 kegs of spikes—a total of more than 230 tons of material.

All this had to be brought up from behind the two steam locomotives, pushing the rail cars forward as soon as a section of track was spiked down, and by two motor trucks, which hauled the ties.

The last link of this railroad isn't far from the front, either. The grading details, working ahead of the track-laying crew, were under fire. But they were lucky; every time Fritz dropped a bomb or shell at night in an effort to maul up the new



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That
Genuine Castoria

Always
Bears the
Signature

of
Dr. H. H. Hatcher
In
Use
For Over
Thirty Years
CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Starck Pianos



No Money
in Advance
—Satisfaction
Guaranteed—
Lowest Net
Factory
Prices—
Easiest
Terms—A
Saving of
\$100 to
\$200—
From Fac-
tory Direct



30 DAYS' FREE TRIAL IN YOUR OWN HOME

We will ship you a beautiful Starck Piano for 30 days' free trial, in your home. No cash payment required. All we ask is that you will play upon, use and test this piano for 30 days. If, at the end of that time, you do not find it the highest grade, sweetest toned and finest piano in every way, that you have ever seen for the money, you are at perfect liberty to send it back, and we will, in that event, pay the freight both ways. The Starck Piano must make good with you, or there is no sale.

Save \$150.00 or More

We ship direct to you from our factory, at prices that save you upwards of \$150.00 in the cost of your piano. We guarantee to furnish you a better piano for the money than you can secure elsewhere. You are assured of receiving a satisfactory, sweet toned, durable high grade piano.

Easy Payments

You pay no cash down, but after 30 days of trial, you can begin payments on the lowest, easiest terms ever suggested by a piano manufacturer. These terms are arranged to suit your convenience, and it is possible for you to buy a piano for your home, without missing the money.

25-Year Guarantee

Every Starck Piano is guaranteed for 25 years. This guarantee has back of it our 35 years of piano experience, and the reputation of an old-established, responsible piano house.

50 Free Music Lessons

To every purchaser of Starck Pianos, we give free music lessons, in one of the best known schools in Chicago. These lessons you can take in your own home, by mail. This represents one year's free instruction.

2nd-Hand Bargains

We have constantly on hand a large number of slightly used and second-hand pianos of all standard makes taken in exchange for new Starck Pianos and Player-Pianos. The following are a few sample bargains:

Starck Player-Pianos

Starck Player-Pianos are the best and most beautiful Player-Pianos on the market. You will be delighted with the many exclusive features of these wonderful instruments, and will be pleased with the very low prices at which they can be secured.

Piano Book Free

Send today for our new beautifully illustrated piano book which gives you a large amount of information regarding pianos. This book will interest and please you. Write today.

P. A. STARCK PIANO CO., 1843 Starck Bldg., CHICAGO

FOR FINE JOB PRINTING

Of All Kinds Call on The Republican.

railroad it usually was right about where the grading detail was going to excavate anyway. Even the Hun helped build the line.

"YANKS SHOW INTEREST IN MOBILE LAND FORTS

With The American Army, Sept. 29 Nothing interests the American doughboys so much as tanks. They follow the mobile land forts along the road, always ready to give a hand if they get stuck; they congregate in the evening at the tank "stables" and assist the crews in bedding down the beasts and covering them with camouflage. Occasionally they get a chance to take a ride in one, and then they are the envy of all their comrades.

The doughboys ran into a number of the new small French tanks when they went up with General Magin's army north of the Aisne. In the little towns in the rear where they bivouacked awaiting the time when they were put into the line they saw much of the wonderful machines. When a tank broke thru one of the side railings on a pontoon bridge crossing the river a hundred doughboys sprang forward and helped to shift it back in place. They had the job done and the railing repaired before the French marines who had built the bridge and were on duty

there to keep it in repair realized what had happened.

The way the tanks turned, spinning around within their own length, was what interested the doughboys chiefly. The powerful machines are very sensitive and can be operated in the narrowest and most difficult paths. They can turn acutely by stopping or reversing the caterpillar wheel and going ahead on the other.

The tank pilots—French youths, recruited voluntarily from other branches of the army—explained that that was the best way to crush out resistance in German machine gun nests. They simply roll over in position and then grind round and round on it, squashing machine gun, crew and emplacement all at once.

Platoon and company commanders received hundreds of requests from their men to be placed on the application list for transfer to the American Tank Corps after the doughboys had seen the French tanks.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears

the

Signature of

Dr. H. H. Hatcher

The Human Factors In Good Service

There are three parties to every telephone conversation—the party calling, the trained operator, and the party who answers. All three share alike the responsibility for quick and accurate telephone service.

The calling party should give the correct number in a distinct voice, speaking directly into the transmitter, and wait at the telephone until the party answers or the operator reports. The called party should answer promptly.

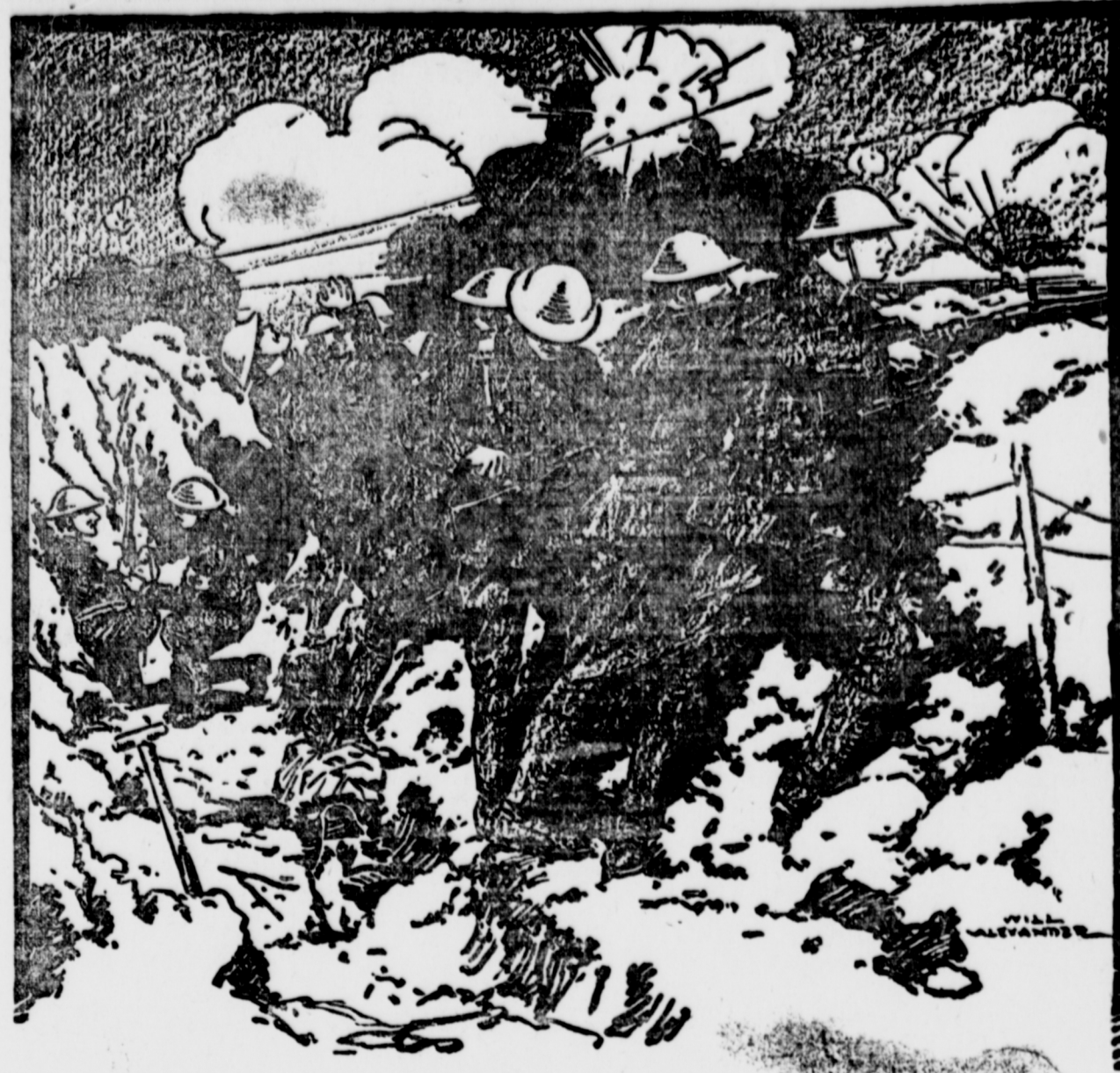
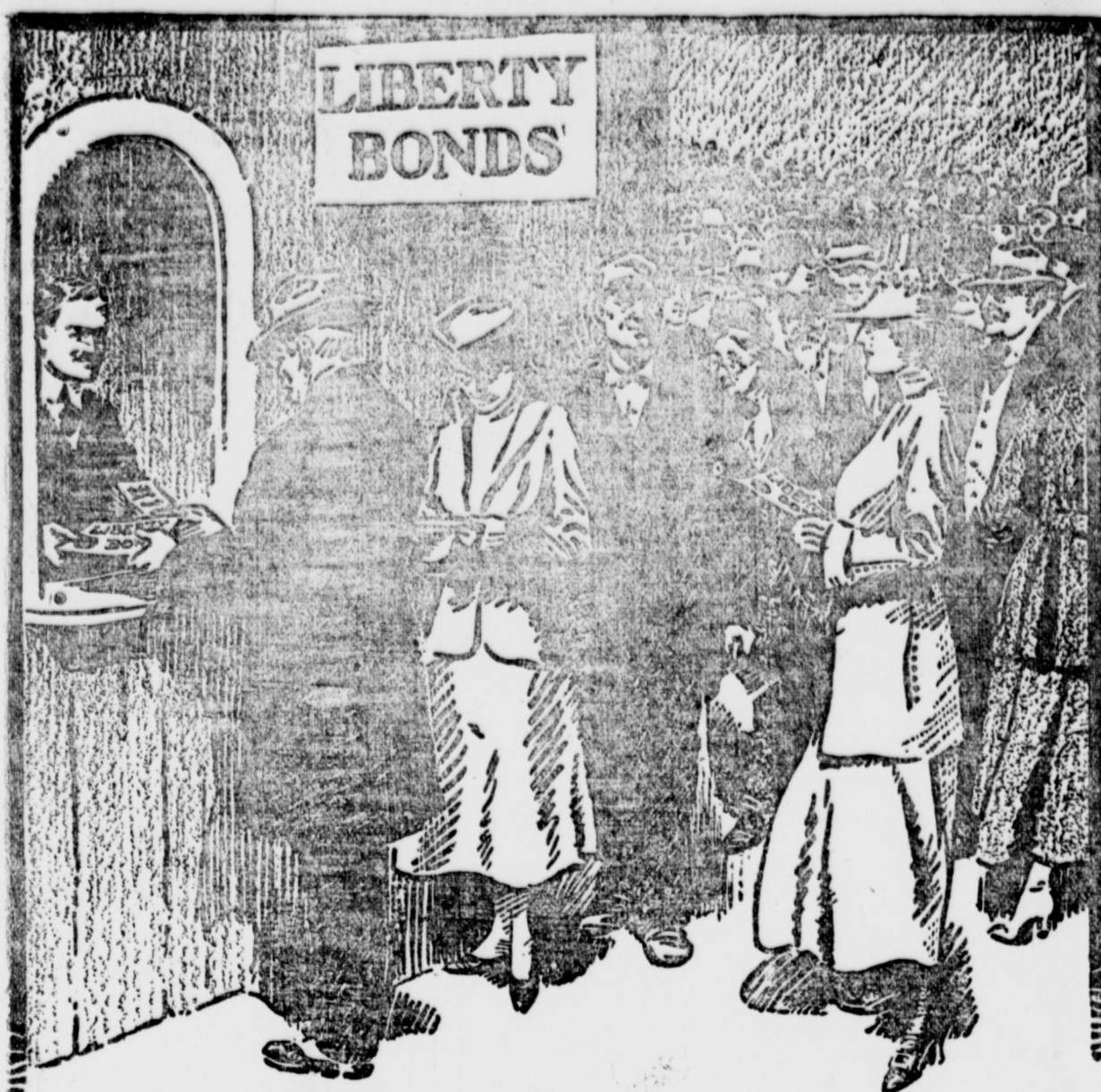
Patience on the part of the telephone user and the telephone operator is also essential to good service.

When you Telephone—Smile

CUMBERLAND TELEPHONE
AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY
Incorporated

W. W. HARRIS, Manager, Hartford, Ky.





Buying Line or Firing Line

Our boys on the firing line have given up home, family, job, future. They have given up the eight-hour day for the twenty-four-hour day. They have exchanged a good bed for a crude bunk in a dug-out. They have traded a clean table and home cooking for bully beef and beans in a muddy trench. They are doing this that the folks at home may live in safety.

It is real sacrifice for our boys--for many the supreme sacrifice of life itself.

There is no sacrifice we can make which will compare with theirs. The least we can do is to see that our boys get everything they need to win this war, and get it quickly.

The fourth call has come. Let's be good soldiers, too; let's show our boys that when they call we, too, can "go over the top" eagerly---quickly---cheerfully.



Buy Fourth Liberty Bonds

"Don't let the SON go down"

You don't have to pay all cash for your bonds. You can make your first payment from cash in the bank, and take care of the balance out of your daily, weekly or monthly savings.

The forced saving you do now will mean a nice nest egg later, for the bonds you buy

now and pay for as you go along will prove a splendid investment that will pay you a good interest every six months. After the war, the bonds will be worth more than you paid for them. Don't hesitate to do your duty and do it quickly.

"Don't let the SON go down."

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